# 820-013 Deep Space Network (DSN) External Interface Specification JPL D-16765

# TRK-2-34

# DSN Tracking System Data Archival Format

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# Change Log

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		04/30/2000	All	This is a new document.		
Α		05/31/2002	All	Updated data blocks, added/corrected text descriptions		
В		12/15/2002	Sections 1, 2 and 3, Appendix A and B	Corrected typos, added file header description (Appendix E		
С		09/15/2003	Section 3 and Appendix A	Updated with additional parameters, simplified Data Type 6, and corrected errors.		
D		11/02/2004	Sections 1, 2 and 3, Appendix A	Updated Secondary CHDO 135, updated VLBI CHDO, add invalid/unknown to ul_assembly_num in CHDO 132, added enumerations to ramp_type in DT9 and corrected typos.		
E		05/15/2005	Section 3	Updated Tone Range CHDO and corrected typos.		
F		08/31/2005	Section 3, Appendix A	Updated Doppler Count CHDO and corrected typos. Added Note number 89.		
G		03/15/2006	Appendix B	Updated file name format adding DSS ID.		
Н		07/31/2006	Section 1.2, Appendix A	Typo in the Signal Level equation (Note 58).		
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J		05/31/2007	Sections 1, 3 and Appendix A	Updated Downlink and Derived Secondary headers adding LNA correction value. Updated Downlink Sequential and Downlink PN Ranging Phase Data CHDOs, adding station calibration correction flag. Updated (reused) Note number 9.		
J-1	Х	02/29 /2008	Section 1	Minor changes to update footer tags, change 'DSMS' to 'DSN', edit Section 1 sequence		

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# Section 1 Introduction

# 1.1 Purpose and Scope

This module specifies the format and content of radio metric tracking data delivered to navigation and radio science customers from the Telecommunications Services. The method of delivery of the data is outside the scope of this document.

TRK-2-34 is essentially a consolidation of the data that are currently contained in the TRK-2-18, TRK-2-20, and TRK-2-30 products delivered to customers.

# 1.2 Effectivity

Revision JI-1 provides editorial updates only and supersedes Revision J

Revision JThis release updates secondary CHDOs 133 and 134 adding LNA correction value (lna\_corr\_value); Downlink Sequential Ranging Phase and Downlink PN Ranging Phase Data CHDOs adding station calibration correction flag; and Appendix A, updating note number 9.

Certain parameters may not be available in initial TRK-2-34 output. These parameters will be marked as invalid (using validity flags) in the data or not delivered in the case of certain data types, such as Allan Deviation (DT13) and Smoothed Noise (DT12).

#### 1.3 Revision and Control

Revisions or changes to the information herein presented may be initiated according to the procedure specified in the *Introduction* to Document 820-013.

Documents controlling this version include

[1]	DSN 813-109,	Preparation Guidelines and Procedures for Deep Space
	D-17818	Mission System (DSMS) Interface Specifications
		(DSNMS internal document, for reference only.)
[2]	DSN 820-013,	DSMS External Interface Specification—DSMS Created
	Module 0171-	SFDU Structures
	Telecomm-NJPL	

# 1.4 Relationship to Other Documents

TRK-2-34 replaces TRK-2-25 as the archival format. TRK-2-20 and TRK-2-30 will continue to be available to the customers.

#### 1.5 Notation and Conventions

#### 1.5.1 Terminology

Many of the terms used in this module are taken from the literature describing the Standard Formatted Data Unit (SFDU) concept (e.g., Reference [2] Reference [5]). The SFDU concept was developed by the Consultative Committee for Space Data Systems (CCSDS) to provide a standardized and internationally recognized methodology for information interchange. Because the SFDU concept evolved over time, the meaning of some terms has evolved. The definitions provided herein are intended to clarify the use of certain terms as they apply to this module:

- a) The term *ASCII* refers to the American Standard Code for Information Interchange, a seven-bit code for representing letters, digits, and symbols which has been standardized by the American National Standards Institute (Reference [7]). This code has been incorporated into the ISO code of the same nature (Reference [8]) which includes other symbols and alphabets. Since the ISO code is an eight-bit code, the ASCII code is embedded in an eight-bit field in which the most significant bit is set to zero. In this module, ASCII always refers to the seven-bit ASCII code embedded, as described, in an eight-bit field. When applied to a multi-byte field, it implies that each byte in the field contains an ASCII code.
- b) The term *restricted ASCII (RA)* refers to the subset of ASCII consisting of the codes for the twenty-six upper-case letters ('A'-'Z') and the ten decimal digits ('0'-'9'). When applied to a multi-byte field, it implies that each byte in the field contains an RA code.
- c) A *label-value-object* (LVO) is a data structure that is comprised of a *label field* and a *value field*. The label field provides for the data structure to be self-identifying and self-delimiting. The value field contains user-defined data in any format. The LVOs themselves are made up of a sequence of bytes. In this module, LVO is used in a generic sense to refer to any data structure with these attributes.
- d) An LVO may be a *simple LVO* or a *compound LVO*. If the value field of the LVO contains purely user data, it is a simple LVO. If the value field of the LVO contains purely LVOs, it is a compound LVO. The value field of a compound LVO consists of a sequence of one or more LVOs, each of which can be a simple or compound LVO itself.
- e) A standard formatted data unit (SFDU) is an LVO that conforms to a defined set of structure and construction rules, namely the specification in Reference [2]the specification in Reference [5]. Unfortunately, the two specifications are slightly different, leading to two different definitions of what an SFDU is. The term DSN tracking SFDU (or, more simply, tracking SFDU) refers to the SFDU defined and controlled by this module. The DSN tracking SFDU conforms to the structure and construction rules specified in Reference [2]. It does not strictly conform to the

internationally recognized SFDU structure and construction rules recommended by CCSDS in Reference [5].

- f) A compressed header data object (CHDO), as defined in Reference [2]s an LVO. Its design is modeled on the SFDU concept, but a CHDO is not an SFDU. The CHDO derives its name from the fact that the label field of a CHDO is considerably shorter than the label field of an SFDU (four bytes instead of twenty). The CHDO provides a means of structuring user data with less overhead than would be required if an SFDU were used. However, with respect to SFDU structure and construction rules, a CHDO (or a sequence of CHDOs) is merely user data contained in the value field of an SFDU.
- g) The term *type attribute* is used to refer to the subfield(s) of an LVO label field that affect the self-identifying property of the LVO. Within the applicable domain, the type attribute is a unique reference to a description of the format and meaning of the data contained in the value field of the LVO
- h) All of the LVOs described in this module contain a *length attribute* in their label field. The length attribute is a subfield of the LVO label field; it contains the length, in bytes, of the value field of the LVO. When interpreted in the context of the structure and construction rules specified in Reference [2], the length attribute affects the self-delimiting property of the LVO. The use of a length attribute is not the only means by which an LVO can be self-delimiting; Reference [5], for example, provides several mechanisms that do not rely on an explicit length.
- i) The term data type is used to distinguish between different types of SFDUs. A data type is uniquely identified by its record id, which is an aggregation of four fields: major data class, minor data class, mission id and format code.

#### 1.5.2 Conventions

The following conventions are used in this module:

- a) LVOs are defined as being made up of a sequence of eight-bit bytes, so data structures in this module are illustrated as a sequence of bytes. All data structures defined in this module must be an even number of bytes in length. Given a data structure that is N bytes in length, the first byte in the structure is drawn in the most top justified position and is identified as "byte 0." The following byte is identified as "byte 1" and so on, to "byte N-1" which is drawn in the most bottom justified position. Within each byte, the most significant bit is drawn in the most left justified position and is identified as "bit 1." The next most significant bit is identified as "bit 2" and so on, to "bit 8" which is drawn in the most right justified position. Any bit in a data structure is uniquely identified by specifying the byte within which it occurs and its position within that byte (e.g., "byte 5, bit 8").
- b) Data structures are divided into fields, where a field is a sequence of bits. Fields are identified by specifying the starting and ending bits of the field. For fields

that cross byte boundaries, bit 8 of byte M is more significant than, and is immediately followed by, bit 1 of byte M+1. A field may be divided into subfields in a similar manner.

- c) Several conventions for expressing the length of a data structure, or a part of a data structure, are used in this module. The length attribute of an LVO is always given in bytes and always refers to the length of the value field of the LVO (i.e., excluding the label field).
- d) In the data structure descriptions in this module, many fields are defined to contain a numerical value. Several different formats for expressing numbers are used, as follows:
  - 1) Unsigned integer. An integer number is expressed in binary, using all bits of the field as necessary. Negative quantities cannot be expressed. For an *n*-bit field, the range of values that can be represented is from 0 to 2<sup>n</sup>-1. The number of bytes in the unsigned integer (m) is represented by a "-m" after the format statement.
  - 2) Integer. An integer number is expressed in binary, using two's complement notation. For an n-bit field, the range of values that can be represented is from  $-2^{n-1}$  to  $2^{n-1}$ -1. The number of bytes in the integer (m) is represented by a "-m" after the format statement.
  - 3) Restricted ASCII. Each decimal digit of an integer number is expressed by its corresponding RA code. The field must be an integral number of bytes in length. For multi-digit fields, the first byte of the field contains the most significant digit, the second byte contains the next most significant digit, and so on. If the number of digits is less than the number of bytes in the field, leading zeroes are used to fill the field. Negative quantities cannot be expressed. In an *n*-byte field, the range of values that can be represented is from 0 to 10<sup>n</sup>-1. The number of bytes in the Restricted ASCII string (m) is represented by a "-m" after the format statement.
  - 4) *IEEE Single*. A 32-bit, single precision, IEEE floating point-format is used to express real numbers. Single precision floating-point numbers are expressed in the ANSI/IEEE standard (Reference [6]) single precision format with a sign bit, 8-bit exponent, and 23-bit mantissa.
  - 5) *IEEE Double*. A 64-bit, double precision, IEEE floating-point format is used to express real numbers. Double precision floating-point numbers are expressed in the ANSI/IEEE (Reference [6]) standard double precision format with a sign bit, 11-bit exponent, and 52-bit mantissa.

- e) For fields defined to contain a constant value, the constant value will be enclosed in single quotes (e.g., '2') if the information is expressed in RA, and not so enclosed (e.g., 2) if the information is expressed in binary.
- f) Unless explicitly stated otherwise, fields defined as "reserved" are to be set to binary zero by the originator, and are to be ignored by the recipient.
- g) Time tags are in UTC, as received from the Frequency and Timing Subsystem (FTS) of the DSN:
  - 00:00:00 is second 0.0.
  - 23:59:59 is second 86399.0.
  - Leap second is 86400.0.
- h) The term "UPL-DTT antenna" refers to antennas that have UPL and DTT equipment (currently 34m HEF, 34m BWG, and 70m antennas). The term "non-UPL-DTT antenna" refers to antennas that do not have this equipment (currently 26m antennas and DSS-27).

# 1.6 References

#### **Documents**

[3]	DSN 820-013, D-16765	DSN External Interface Specification
[3a]	DSN 820-013, Module OPS-6-21	DSN External Interface Specification - Standard Code Assignments
[3b]	DSN 820-013, Module 0172- Telecomm-CHDO	DSN External Interface Specification – JPL Created CHDO Structures
[3c]	DSN 820-013 Module TRK-2-18	DSN External Interface Specification – Tracking System Interfaces Orbit Data File Interface
[3d]	DSN 820-013 Module TRK-2-20	DSN System Requirements Detailed Interface Design - DSN Tracking System Universal Tracking Data Interface
[3e]	DSN 820-013 Module TRK-2-30	DSN System Requirements Detailed Interface Design – DSN Tracking System DSN Tracking Data Interface
[4]	CCSDS 620.0-B-2	CCSDS Recommendation for Space Data System Standards— Standard Formatted Data Units—Structure and Construction Rules (Issue 2, May 1992)
[5]	ANSI T-49-12	ANSI/IEEE STD 754-1985—IEEE Standard for Binary Floating-Point Arithmetic
[6]	ANSI X3.4-1986 (R1997)	Information Systems - Coded Character Sets - 1 Bit American National Standard Code for Information Interchange (7-Bit ASCII)
[7]	ISO/IEC 646-1991	Information Technology - ISO 7-bit Coded Character Set for Information Interchange

[8] DSN 810-047 DSN Antenna and Facility Identifiers

(DSN internal document, for reference only.)

Web Sites:

[3] DSN 820-013, DSN External Interface Specification

D-16765 <a href="http://jaguar.jpl.nasa.gov">http://jaguar.jpl.nasa.gov</a>

#### 1.7 Abbreviations

Abbreviations used in this document are defined with the first textual use of the term. Abbreviations appearing in this module are:

ADID Authority and Description Identifier

AMMOS Advanced Multi-mission Operations System

ASCII American Standard Code for Information Exchange

ANSI American Nation Standards Institute

CHDO Compressed Header Data Object

CCSDS Consultative Committee for Space Data Systems

dB decibel

dBm decibels above the reference level of 1 milliWatt

deg degrees

DOD Differential One-way Doppler DOR Differential One-way Ranging

DSS Deep Space Station

DTK DSCC Tracking Subsystem

DTT Downlink Telemetry and Tracking Subsystem

EOF End of File

FFT Fast Fourier Transform

FOM Figure of Merit

FSP Full Spectrum Processing Subsystem
FTS Frequency and Timing Subsystem

Hz Hertz
ID Identifier

IEEE Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers

IF Intermediate FrequencyJPL Jet Propulsion Laboratory

K Kelvin

LCP Left Hand Circular Polarization

LNA Low Noise Amplifier

LVO Label Value Object

MDA Metric Data Assembly

MFR MultiFunction Receiver

MPA Metric Pointing Assembly

MTA Metric Tracking Assembly

N/A Not Applicable

NASA National Aeronautics and Space Administration

NOCC Network Operations Control Center

NSP Network Simplification Project

NVP NOCC VLBI Processor Subsystem

PN Pseudo-Noise

RA Restricted ASCII

RCP Right Hand Circular Polarization

RF Radio Frequency

RMDC Radio Metric Data Conditioning

RTLT Round-Trip Light Time

RU Range Unit Sec seconds

SFDU Standard Formatted Data Unit SNT System Noise Temperature

UPL Uplink Tracking and Command Subsystem

UTC Universal Time Coordinated

VLBI Very Long Baseline Interferometry

W Watts

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# Section 2 Functional Overview

# 2.1 General Description

Radio metric data received from the DSCCs will be processed, validated, and corrected. The resulting data will be placed into the TRK-2-34 and TRK-2-18 products. Validated/corrected data are available to customers as files, stream-type queries, or broadcast streams. The file format is described in Appendix B. .

This processing is done in the AMMOS system. It includes the software tools that are used to perform radio metric data processing, validation, correction, and visualization, and to generate the tracking data file products. The function of the processing is to process, generate, and deliver radio metric data to projects and end users to support spacecraft navigation and scientific study.

Listed below are the documents and 820-013 interface modules that define specific fields in the TRK-2-34 headers:

Reference [3a]: DSN spacecraft ID, AMMOS mission ID

Reference [8]: station ID

Reference [3b]: originator ID, last modifier ID

# 2.2 Operational Concept

Users provide spacecraft configuration data (such as transponder number, spacecraft oscillator frequency values, etc.) and light time data. The user also specifies data delivery options (such as data decimation rate). This data, along with the DSN physical data maintained in internal tables, are combined with the raw measurements from the DSN to generate the radiometric data described by this document.

Parameters and data types that require predicted values, such as prefit residuals and Allan deviation, will not be available if the trajectory data for generating the predicted values is not available. If this happens, the parameter status will be marked as invalid (using validity flags) and the data types will not be generated.

# 2.3 Equipment

All equipment used in the measurement or generation of tracking data get their frequency and timing references from the Frequency and Timing Subsystem (FTS) of the DSN.

The non-UPL-DTT antennas have a mixture of tracking equipment. The 26m subnet uses the Metric Pointing Assembly (MPA). DSS-27, a 34m antenna, uses the Metric Tracking Assembly (MTA).

Arraying at a complex is done with the Full Spectrum Processing Subsystem (FSP).

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# Section 3 Detailed Interface Description

# 3.1 Data Definition

Viewed as a compound LVO, the value field of the tracking data SFDU contains two LVOs, an *aggregation CHDO* and a *tracking data CHDO*. The aggregation CHDO is a compound LVO; its value field contains two simple LVOs, a *primary CHDO* and a *secondary CHDO*. The aggregation CHDO exists solely for the purpose of allowing the primary and secondary CHDOs to be grouped together and treated as a single LVO. The value fields of the primary and secondary CHDOs contain annotation data (identification, configuration, status, and performance parameters) that pertain to the data in the tracking data SFDU. The tracking data CHDO is a simple LVO; its value field contains the actual tracking data.

Figure 3-1. LVO Structure of the Tracking Data SFDU

Figure 3-2 shows the physical layout of the tracking data SFDU. It is divided into the following sections: the tracking SFDU label, the aggregation CHDO label, the primary CHDO, the secondary CHDOs, and the tracking data CHDOs. There are five different types of secondary CHDOs, and 18 types of tracking data CHDOs.

The following sections present the detailed definition of the tracking data SFDU.

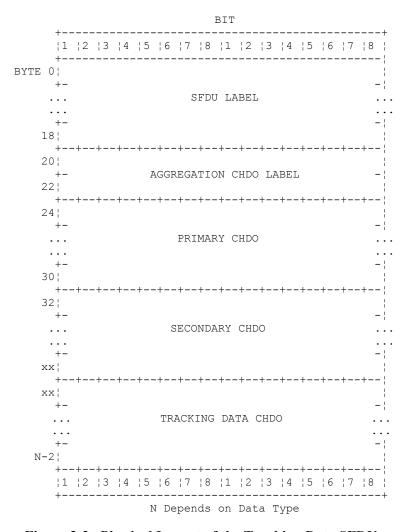


Figure 3-2. Physical Layout of the Tracking Data SFDU

#### 3.1.1 Tracking Data SFDU Label

Bytes 0 through 19 of the tracking SFDU contain the SFDU label field. The format and content of the SFDU label are defined in Table 3-1. The concatenation of Bytes 0 through 3, and 8 through 11, constitutes the type attribute of the SFDU; in CCSDS parlance, this concatenated field is known as the Authority and Description Identifier (ADID). Bytes 12 to 19 constitute the length attribute.

**Table 3-1. Tracking SFDU Label Definitions** 

Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
control_auth_id	0	Control authority identifier. 'NJPL' indicates that the data description information for this SFDU is maintained and disseminated by NASA/JPL.	Restricted ASCII –4	N/A	'NJPL'	

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
sfdu_version_id	4	SFDU label version ID.  '2' indicates that the length attribute field in bytes 12 to 19 is formatted as a binary unsigned integer.	Restricted ASCII –1	N/A	'2'	
sfdu_class_id	5	SFDU class ID. 'I' indicates that this SFDU contains data to be used by an application process.	Restricted ASCII –1	N/A	ʻI'	
reserve2	6	Reserved. Two bytes.	Restricte d ASCII -2	N/A	'00'	
data_description_id	8	Data description identifier. Uniquely identifies the data description information held by the control authority identified in the 'Control authority identifier' item for this type of SFDU. C123 => Uplink types C124 => Downlink types C125 => Derived types C126 => Interferometric types C127 => Filtered types	Restricted ASCII -4	N/A	'C123', 'C124', 'C125', 'C126', 'C127'	

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Identifier	Byte	Item Name and	Format	Units/	Range	Notes
	Off-	Description		Precision		
	set	_				
sfdu_length	12	Length attribute of the	Unsigned	Bytes	124,	
		tracking data SFDU.	Integer –8		160,	
		Indicates the length of the			162,	
		data following this element.			164,	
		DT0 => 162			178,	
		DT1 => 358			182,	
		DT2 => 194			194,	
		DT3 => 304			200,	
		DT4 => 276			204,	
		DT5 => 388			276,	
		DT6 => 200			304,	
		DT7 => 330			348,	
		DT8 => 178			330,	
		DT9 => 124			388,	
		DT10 => 204			358,	
		DT11 => 182			182 + 18	
		DT12 => 164			*	
		DT13 => 160			num ob	
		DT14 => 348			s, 194 +	
		DT15 => 194			22 *	
		DT16 => 182 + 18 *			num ob	
		num obs			S	
		DT17 => 194 + 22 *			(num o	
		num obs			$bs \leq $	
					100)	

# 3.1.2 Aggregation CHDO Label

Bytes 20 through 23 of the tracking data SFDU contain the aggregation CHDO label field, which is described in Reference [2] and defined in Table 3-2 for convenience. The value field of the aggregation CHDO is composed of the primary CHDO and a secondary CHDO. The primary CHDO is described in Section 3.1.3. The secondary CHDOs, of which there are five types, are described in Section 3.1.4.

Table 3-2. Aggregation CHDO Label Definitions

Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
chdo_type	0	Type attribute of the aggregation CHDO. A value of 1 indicates that this CHDO is an aggregation of CHDOs	Unsigned Integer –2	N/A	1	
chdo_length	2	Length attribute of the aggregation CHDO. Indicates the length of the sum of the primary and secondary CHDOs. CHDO 132 => 78 CHDO 133 => 122 CHDO 134 => 136 CHDO 135 => 100 CHDO 136 => 110	Unsigned Integer –2	Bytes	78, 100, 110, 122, 136	

# 3.1.3 Primary CHDO

Bytes 24 through 31 of the tracking SFDU contain the primary CHDO, which is defined in Reference [2] and is included in Table 3-3 for convenience. Bytes 0 through 3 are the label field. Bytes 4 through 7 are the value field. The primary specifies the mission and the data type of the tracking data contained in the SFDU.

**Table 3-3. Primary CHDO Definitions** 

Identifier	Byte Off set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
chdo_type	0	Type attribute of the primary CHDO. A value of 2 indicates that this CHDO is a primary CHDO.	Unsigned Integer – 2	N/A	2	
chdo_length	2	Length attribute of the primary CHDO. Indicates the length, in bytes, of the value field (bytes after this item) of the primary CHDO.	Unsigned Integer – 2	Bytes	4	
mjr_data_class	4	Major data class. A value of 6 indicates that the data in this SFDU is ground station monitor data.	Unsigned Integer – 1	N/A	6	

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Identifier	Byte Off set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
mnr_data_class	5	Minor data class. Indicates data is processed tracking data.	Unsigned Integer –	N/A	14	
mission_id	6	Mission ID. Per Reference [3a], Table 3-4.	Unsigned Integer –	N/A	0 to 255	
format_code	7	Format code. Also referred to as the data type.  0 => Uplink Carrier Phase 1 => Downlink Carrier Phase 2 => Uplink Sequential Ranging Phase 3 => Downlink Sequential Ranging Phase 4 => Uplink PN Ranging Phase 5 => Downlink PN Ranging Phase 6 => Doppler 7 => Sequential Ranging 8 => Angles 9 => Ramps 10 => VLBI 11 => DRVID 12 => Smoothed Noise 13 => Allan Deviation 14 => PN Ranging 15 => Tone Ranging 16 => Carrier Observable 17 => Total Phase Observable	Unsigned Integer – 1	N/A	0 to 17	

# 3.1.4 Secondary CHDOs

There are five types of secondary CHDOs, all of which start at Byte 32 of the tracking data SFDU. The five types are organized as follows (data type is equivalent to format code):

• CHDO 134: Derived data types - Doppler Count (data type 6), Sequential Range (data type 7), Angles (data type 8), DRVID (data type 11), PN Range (data type 14), Tone Range (data type 15), Carrier Frequency Observable (data type 16), and Total Count Phase Observable (data type 17).

- CHDO 132: Uplink data types Uplink Carrier Phase (data type 0), Uplink Sequential Ranging Phase (data type 2), Uplink PN Ranging Phase (data type 4), and Ramps (data type 9).
- CHDO 133: Downlink data types Downlink Carrier Phase (data type 1), Downlink Sequential Ranging Phase (data type 3), and Downlink PN Ranging Phase (data type 5).
- CHDO 135: Interferometric data types VLBI (data type 10).
- CHDO 136: Filtered data types Smoothed Noise (data type 12) and Allan Deviation (data type 13).

The secondary CHDOs are defined in Tables 3-4 through 3-8. Bytes 0 through 3 are the label field. Bytes 4 through M-1 (M being the length of the secondary CHDO) comprise the value field. The secondary CHDO contains parameters that a user might want to sort or filter on.

#### 3.1.4.1 Secondary CHDO 134 (Derived Data Types)

Secondary CHDO 134 is used for the following derived data types (format codes): Doppler Count (data type 6), Sequential Range (data type 7), Angle (data type 8), DRVID (data type 11), PN Range (data type 14), Tone Range (data type 15), Carrier Frequency Observable (data type 16), and Total Count Phase Observable (data type 17). Secondary CHDO 134 is defined in Table 3-4.

Table 3-4. Secondary CHDO 134 Definitions

Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
chdo_type	0	Type attribute of the secondary CHDO.	Unsigne d Integer -2	N/A	134	
chdo_length	2	Length attribute of the secondary CHDO. Indicates the length, in bytes, of the value field (bytes after this item) of the secondary CHDO.	Unsigne d Integer -2	Bytes	124	
orig_id	4	Originator ID. Indicates where this SFDU was originated. Per Reference [3b].	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 255	
last_modifier_id	5	Last modifier ID. Indicates where this SFDU was last modified. Per Reference [3b].	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 255	
reserve1	6	Reserved. For future expansion of scft_id.	Unsigne d Integer –1	N/A	0	

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
scft_id	7	Spacecraft number. Per Reference [3a].	Unsigne d Integer –1	N/A	1 to 255	
rec_seq_num	8	Record sequence number (RSN). Begins with zero; increments by one for each successive tracking SFDU of the same type; wraps around from 2 <sup>32</sup> -1 to zero. Value is reset to zero when software is restarted.	Unsigne d Integer -4	N/A	0 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -1	
year	12	Time tag year.	Unsigne d Integer –2	N/A	1958 to 3000	
doy	14	Time tag day of year.	Unsigne d Integer –2	N/A	1 to 366	
sec	16	Time tag seconds of day.	IEEE Double	Seconds / 0.01 sec	0.00 to 86,400.99	1
rct_day	24	Record creation time days. Days since 1/1/1958.	Unsigne d Integer -2	Days / 1 day	0 to 2 <sup>16</sup> - 1	74
rct_msec	26	Record creation time milliseconds of day.	Unsigne d Integer –4	msec / 1 msec	0 to 86,400,999	74
stn_stream_src	30	Station stream source.  1 => UPL/DTT  2 => non-UPL-DTT: TRK-2-30  3 => non-UPL-DTT: TRK-2-20	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	1 to 3	
ul_band	31	Uplink frequency band.  0 => unknown or not applicable  1 => S-band  2 => X-band  3 => Ka-band  4 => Ku-band  5 => L-band	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 5	79

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
ul_assembly_num	32	Uplink Assembly Number. Note that this is to allow for potential future cases where there might be more than one uplink of the same band at the same antenna.  0 => Unknown/Not applicable  1 => S-/X-band uplink  2 => Ka-band uplink	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 2	79
transmit_num	33	Transmitter number. Value depends on transmitter used. A value of 0 means that the number is unknown or not applicable.	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 3	79
transmit_stat	34	Transmit Status.  0 => not transmitting out the horn  1 => transmitting out the horn  2 => invalid or unknown	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 2	79
transmit_mode	35	Transmitter mode.  0 => low power  1 => high power  2 => invalid or unknown	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	0 to 2	79
cmd_modul_stat	36	Command modulation status.  0 => OFF  1 => ON  2 => invalid or unknown	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 2	79
rng_modul_stat	37	Ranging modulation status.  0 => OFF  1 => ON  2 => invalid or unknown	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 2	79
transmit_time_tag _delay	38	Transmit time tag delay. Value used to offset uplink time tag (e.g., for Goldstone Beam Waveguide antennas). A value of -1.0 indicates invalid (or not provided).	IEEE Double	Seconds / 0.1 nsec	-1.0, 0.0 to 1.0	2, 79
ul_zheight_corr	46	Uplink Z-height correction. Value of -99.0 indicates invalid.	IEEE Single	Seconds / 0.1 nsec	-99.0, -1.000 to 1.000	60, 72, 79
dl_dss_id	50	Downlink antenna number. Per Reference [8].	Unsigne d Integer –1	N/A	0 to 255	
reserve1a	51	Reserved. One byte.	Unsigne d Integer –1	N/A	0	

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
dl_chan_num	52	Downlink channel number. Value of 0 implies unknown.	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 24	
prdx_mode	53	Predicts mode. Predicts subset used by downlink channel.  0 => No Predicts  1 => One-way  2 => Two-way  3 => Three-way  4 => Unknown	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 4	
ul_prdx_stn	54	Uplink station used for predicts. Valid only if prdx_mode is 2 or 3. Per Reference [8]. A value of 0 means that the number is unknown or not valid (e.g., no uplink).	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 255	
ul_band_dl	55	Uplink frequency band assumed by downlink. Uplink band value used by downlink for turn around computations.  0 => Unknown or not applicable 1 => S-band 2 => X-band 3 => Ka-band 4 => Ku-band 5 => L-band	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	0 to 5	
array_delay	56	Array delay value. Time delay added to path by arraying equipment. Obtained from arraying equipment. Any measurements include this delay. Valid only if Array Flag (array flag) is non-zero.	IEEE Double	Seconds / 0.1 nsec	0.0 to 1.0	4
fts_vld_flag	64	Frequency and Timing (FTS) validity. 0 => Equipment is not synced with FTS 1 => Equipment is synced with FTS	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 or 1	

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
carr_lock_stat	65	Carrier lock status.  0 => Off  1 => Open (using only predicts)  2 => Acquiring, FFT Search  3 => Acquiring, Waiting for  Lock Decision  4 => In Lock  5 => Out of Lock	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 5	83
array_flag	66	Array flag. 0 => Non-arrayed 1 => Arrayed with FSP #1 2 => Arrayed with FSP #2	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 2	87
lna_num	67	LNA Number. Value of 0 indicates unknown.	Unsigne d Integer –1	N/A	0 to 4	9
rcv_time_tag_delay	68	Receive time tag delay.  Value used to offset downlink time tag (e.g., for Goldstone Beam Waveguide antennas). A value of -1.0 indicates invalid (or not provided).	IEEE Double	Seconds / 0.1 nsec	-1.0, 0.0 to 1.0	3
dl_zheight_corr	76	Downlink Z-height correction. Value of -99.0 indicates invalid.	IEEE Single	Seconds / 0.1 nsec	-99.0, -1.000 to 1.000	60, 72
vld_ul_stn	80	Validated uplink station. Per Reference [8]. The uplink station per the validation process. A value of 0 means that the antenna is unknown or not valid.	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 255	61, 79
vld_dop_mode	81	Validated doppler mode.  0 => Unknown or not applicable  1 => One-way 2 => Two-way 3 => Three-way	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 3	61, 79

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
vld_scft_coh	82	Validated spacecraft coherency.  0 => Unknown or not applicable 1 => Coherent 2 => Non-coherent 3 => Transponded, non- coherent	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 3	79
vld_dl_band	83	Validated downlink frequency band.  0 => unknown  1 => S-band  2 => X-band  3 => Ka-band  4 => Ku-band  5 => L-band  6 => S or X band (26m stations)	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 6	82
scft_transpd_lock	84	Spacecraft transponder lock.  0 => Unknown  1 => Out-of-lock  2 => In Lock	Unsigne d Integer –1	N/A	0 to 2	5
scft_transpd_num	85	Spacecraft transponder number.  0 if unknown, transponder number otherwise.	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 5	5
reserve2	86	Reserved. Two bytes.	Unsigne d Integer –2	N/A	0	
scft_osc_freq	88	Spacecraft oscillator frequency. Spacecraft one-way frequency. 0.0 if unknown.	IEEE Double	Hz / 1.0 mHz	0.0, 2.0e9 to 32.3e9	6
scft_transpd_dela y	96	Spacecraft transponder delay. Coherent ranging delay. Value of -1.0 indicates invalid.	IEEE Double	Seconds / 0.1 nsec	-1.0, 0.0 to 1.0	7
scft_transpd_turn _num	104	Spacecraft transponder turn around ratio numerator. A value of 0 indicates unknown.	Unsigne d Integer –4	N/A	0 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -1	

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
scft_transpd_turn _den	108	Spacecraft transponder turn around ratio denominator. A value of 0 indicates unknown.	Unsigne d Integer –4	N/A	0 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -1	
scft_twnc_stat	112	Spacecraft two-way non- coherent (TWNC) status. 0 => Unknown 1 => OFF 2 => ON	Unsigne d Integer-	N/A	0 to 2	5
scft_osc_type	113	Spacecraft oscillator type.  0 => Unknown  1 => AUX OSC (auxiliary oscillator)  2 => USO (ultra-stable oscillator)	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 2	5
mod_day	114	Modification time days. Days since 1/1/1958. Last modification time.	Unsigne d Integer -2	Days / 1 day	0 to 2 <sup>16</sup> -	73
mod_msec	116	Modification time milliseconds of day. Last modification time.	Unsigne d Integer –4	msec / 1 msec	0 to 86,400,99 9	73
cnt_time	120	Count time. Integration time of the counts. Value of 0 indicates Not Applicable	IEEE Single	Seconds / 0.1 sec	0.0 to 3600.0	88
version_num	124	Version number. Version number of the assembly that generated the data.	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 63	
sub_version_num	125	Sub-version number. Sub-version number of the assembly that generated the data.	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 63	
sub_sub_version_ num	126	Sub-sub-version number. Sub-sub-version number of the assembly that generated the data.	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 63	
lna_corr_value	127	LNA Correction Value. Indicates results of validation of LNA number. Value of 0 indicates no validation or correction was made, otherwise if non-zero, this value is to be used instead of lna_num.	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 4	9

#### 3.1.4.2 Secondary CHDO 132 (Uplink Data Types)

Secondary CHDO 132 is used for the following Uplink data types (format codes): Uplink Carrier Phase (data type 0), Uplink Sequential Ranging Phase (data type 2), Uplink PN Ranging Phase (data type 4), and Ramps (data type 9). Secondary CHDO 132 is defined in Table 3-5.

Table 3-5. Secondary CHDO 132 Definitions

Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
chdo_type	0	Type attribute of the secondary CHDO.	Unsigned Integer –2	N/A	132	
chdo_length	2	Length attribute of the secondary CHDO. Indicates the length, in bytes, of the value field (bytes after this item) of the secondary CHDO.	Unsigne d Integer -2	bytes	66	
orig_id	4	Originator ID. Indicates where this SFDU was originated. Per Reference [3b].	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 255	
last_modifier_id	5	Last modifier ID. Indicates where the contents of this SFDU were last modified. Per Reference [3b].	Unsigne d Integer –1	N/A	0 to 255	
reserve1	6	Reserved. For future expansion of scft id.	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0	
scft_id	7	Spacecraft number. Per Reference [3a].	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	1 to 255	
upl_rec_seq_num	8	Uplink record sequence number (UPL RSN). This is the record sequence number reported by the uplink subsystem (UPL) equipment.	Unsigne d Integer –4	N/A	0 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -1	

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
rec_seq_num	12	Record sequence number (RSN).  Begins with zero; increments by one for each successive uplink tracking SFDU of the same data type; wraps around from 2 <sup>32</sup> -1 to zero. Value is reset to zero when the data processing system software is restarted.	Unsigne d Integer –4	N/A	0 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -1	
year	16	Time tag year.	Unsigne d Integer –2	N/A	1958 to 3000	
doy	18	Time tag day of year.	Unsigned Integer –2	N/A	1 to 366	
sec	20	Time tag seconds of day.	IEEE Double	Seconds / 0.01 sec	0.00 to 86,400.99 0 to 2 <sup>16</sup> - 1	1
rct_day	28	Record creation time days. Days since 1/1/1958.	Unsigne d Integer -2	Days / 1 day	0 to 2 <sup>16</sup> - 1	74
rct_msec	30	Record creation time milliseconds of day.	Unsigne d Integer –4	msec / 1 msec	0 to 86,400,999	74
ul_dss_id	34	Uplink antenna number. Per Reference [8].	Unsigne d Integer –1	N/A	0 to 255	
ul_band	35	Uplink frequency band.  0 => unknown  1 => S-band  2 => X-band  3 => Ka-band  4 => Ku-band  5 => L-band	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 5	
ul_assembly_num	36	Uplink Assembly Number. Note that this is to allow for potential future cases where there might be more than one uplink of the same band at the same antenna.  0 => Invalid/unknown  1 => S-/X-band uplink  2 => Ka-band uplink	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	0 to 2	

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
transmit_num	37	Transmitter number. Value depends on transmitter used. A value of 0 indicates unknown.	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 3	
transmit_stat	38	Transmit status.  0 => not transmitting out the horn  1 => transmitting out the horn  2 => invalid/unknown	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 2	
transmit_mode	39	Transmitter mode.  0 => low power  1 => high power  2 => invalid/unknown	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	0 to 2	
cmd_modul_stat	40	Command modulation status. 0 => OFF 1 => ON 2 => invalid/unknown	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 2	
rng_modul_stat	41	Ranging modulation status.  0 => OFF  1 => ON  2 => invalid/unknown	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 2	
fts_vld_flag	42	Frequency and Timing (FTS) validity.  0 => Equipment is not synced with FTS  1 => Equipment is synced with FTS	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 or 1	
reserve1a	43	Reserved. One byte.	Unsigne d Integer	N/A	0	
transmit_time_tag _delay	44	Transmit time tag delay. Value used to offset uplink time tag (e.g., for Goldstone Beam Waveguide antennas). Value of -1.0 indicates invalid (or not provided).	IEEE Double	seconds / 0.1 nsec	-1.0, 0.0 to 1.0	2
ul_zheight_corr	52	Uplink Z-height correction. Value of -99.0 indicates invalid.	IEEE Single	seconds / 0.1 nsec	-99.0, - 1.000 to 1.000	60
mod_day	56	Modification time days. Days since 1/1/1958. Last modification time.	Unsigne d Integer –2	Days / 1 day	0 to 2 <sup>16</sup> - 1	73
mod_msec	58	Modification time milliseconds of day. Last modification time.	Unsigne d Integer –4	msec / 1 msec	0 to 86,400,99 9	73

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
version_num	62	Version number. Version number of the assembly that generated the data.	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 63	
sub_version_num	63	Sub-version number. Sub-version number of the assembly that generated the data.	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 63	
sub_sub_version_ num	64	Sub-sub-version number. Sub-sub-version number of the assembly that generated the data.	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 63	
reserve1b	65	Reserved. One byte.	Unsigne d Integer –1	N/A	0	
reserve4	66	Reserved. Four bytes.	Unsigne d Integer –4	N/A	0	

#### 3.1.4.3 Secondary CHDO 133 (Downlink Data Types)

Secondary CHDO 133 is used for the following Downlink data types (format codes): Downlink Carrier Phase (data type 1), Downlink Sequential Ranging Phase (data type 3), and Downlink PN Ranging Phase (data type 5). Secondary CHDO 133 is defined in Table 3-6.

Table 3-6. Secondary CHDO 133 Definitions

Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
chdo_type	0	Type attribute of the secondary CHDO.	Unsigne d Integer –2	N/A	133	
chdo_length	2	Length attribute of the secondary CHDO. Indicates the length, in bytes, of the value field (bytes after this item) of the secondary CHDO.	Unsigne d Integer -2	bytes	110	
orig_id	4	Originator ID. Indicates where this SFDU was originated. Per Reference [3b].	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 255	

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
last_modifier_id	5	Last modifier ID. Indicates where the contents of this SFDU were last modified. Per Reference [3b].	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 255	
reserve1	6	Reserved. For future expansion of scft_id.	Unsigne d Integer –1	N/A	0	
scft_id	7	Spacecraft number. Per Reference [3a].	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	1 to 255	
dtt_rec_seq_num	8	Downlink Record sequence number (DTT RSN). This is the record sequence number reported by the downlink subsystem (DTT) equipment.	Unsigne d Integer -4	N/A	0 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -1	
rec_seq_num	12	Record sequence number (RSN).  Begins with zero; increments by one for each successive downlink tracking SFDU of the same data type; wraps around from 2 <sup>32</sup> -1 to zero. Value is reset to zero when the data processing system software is restarted.	Unsigne d Integer -4	N/A	0 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -1	
year	16	Time tag year.	Unsigne d Integer -2	N/A	1958 to 3000	
doy	18	Time tag day of year.	Unsigned Integer –2	N/A	1 to 366	
sec	20	Time tag seconds of day.	IEEE Double	Seconds / 0.01 sec	0.00 to 86,400.9	1
rct_day	28	Record creation time days. Days since 1/1/1958.	Unsigne d Integer –2	Days / 1 day	0 to 2 <sup>16</sup> - 1	74
rct_msec	30	Record creation time milliseconds of day.	Unsigne d Integer –4	msec / 1 msec	0 to 86,400,999	74

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
dl_dss_id	34	Downlink antenna number. Per Reference [8].	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 255	
dl_band	35	Downlink frequency band.  0 => Unknown  1 => S-band  2 => X-band  3 => Ka-band  4 => Ku-band  5 => L-band	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 5	
dl_chan_num	36	Downlink channel number.	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	1 to 24	
prdx_mode	37	Predicts mode. Predicts subset used by downlink channel.  0 => No Predicts  1 => One-way  2 => Two-way  3 => Three-way	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 3	
ul_prdx_stn	38	Uplink station used for predicts.  Valid only if prdx_mode is 2 or 3. Per Reference [8]. A value of 0 means that the number is unknown or not valid (e.g., no uplink).	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 255	
ul_band_dl	39	Uplink frequency band assumed by downlink. 0 => Unknown 1 => S-band 2 => X-band 3 => Ka-band 4 => Ku-band 5 => L-band	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	0 to 5	
array_delay	40	Array delay value. Time delay added to path by arraying equipment. Obtained from arraying equipment. Any measurements include this delay. Valid only if Array Flag (array_flag) is non-zero.	IEEE Double	seconds / 0.1 nsec	0.0 to 1.0	4

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
fts_vld_flag	48	Frequency and Timing (FTS) validity. 0 => Equipment is not synced with FTS 1 => Equipment is synced with FTS	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 or 1	
carr_lock_stat	49	Carrier lock status.  0 => Off  1 => Open (only using predicts)  2 => Acquiring, FFT Search  3 => Acquiring, Waiting for  Lock Decision  4 => In Lock  5 => Out of Lock	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 5	
array_flag	50	Array flag. 0 => Not arrayed 1 => Arrayed with FSP #1 2 => Arrayed with FSP #2	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 2	87
polarization	51	<i>Polarization.</i> 0 => RCP 1 => LCP	Unsigne d Integer –1	N/A	0 or 1	
diplxr_stat	52	Diplexer status.  0 => Low noise  1 => Diplexed	Unsigne d Integer	N/A	0 or 1	
lna_num	53	LNA Number. Value of 0 indicates unknown.	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	0 to 4	9
rf_if_chan_num	54	RF-to-IF Downconverter Channel number.	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	1 or 2	
if_num	55	IF input number. Defines path into downlink channel.	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	1 to 3	
rcv_time_tag_delay	56	Receive time tag delay.  Value used to offset downlink time tag (e.g., for Goldstone Beam Waveguide antennas). A value of -1.0 indicates invalid (or not provided).	IEEE Double	seconds / 0.1 nsec	-1.0, 0.0 to 1.0	3
dl_zheight_corr	64	Downlink Z-height correction. Value of -99.0 indicates invalid.	IEEE Single	seconds / 0.1 nsec	-99.0, -1.000 to 1.000	60

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
vld_ul_stn	68	Validated uplink station.  Per Reference [8]. The uplink station per the validation process. A value of 0 means that the antenna is unknown or not valid.	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 255	61, 79
vld_dop_mode	69	Validated doppler mode.  0 => Unknown or not applicable  1 => One-way  2 => Two-way  3 => Three-way	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 3	61, 79
vld_scft_coh	70	Validated spacecraft coherency.  0 => Unknown or not applicable 1 => Coherent 2 => Non-coherent 3 => Transponded, non- coherent	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 3	79
scft_transpd_lock	71	Spacecraft transponder lock.  0 => Unknown  1 => Out-of-lock  2 => In Lock	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 2	5
scft_transpd_num	72	Spacecraft transponder number.  0 if unknown, transponder number otherwise.	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 5	5
reserve1a	73	Reserved. One byte.	Unsigne d Integer –1	N/A	0	
scft_osc_freq	74	Spacecraft oscillator frequency. Spacecraft one-way frequency. 0.0 if unknown.	IEEE Double	Hz / 1 mHz	0.0, 2.0e9 to 32.3e9	6
scft_transpd_delay	82	Spacecraft transponder delay. Coherent ranging delay. Value of -1.0 indicates invalid.	IEEE Double	Seconds / 0.1 nsec	-1.0, 0.0 to 1.0	7

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
scft_transpd_turn _num	90	Spacecraft transponder turn around ratio numerator. A value of 0 indicates unknown.	Unsigne d Integer -4	N/A	0 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -1	
scft_transpd_turn _den	94	Spacecraft transponder turn around ratio denominator. A value of 0 indicates unknown.	Unsigne d Integer -4	N/A	0 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -1	
scft_twnc_stat	98	Spacecraft two-way non- coherent (TWNC) status. 0 => Unknown 1 => OFF 2 => ON	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 2	5
scft_osc_type	99	Spacecraft oscillator type.  0 => Unknown  1 => AUX OSC (auxiliary oscillator)  2 => USO (ultra-stable oscillator)	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 2	5
mod_day	100	Modification time days. Days since 1/1/1958. Last modification time.	Unsigne d Integer -2	Days / 1 day	0 to 2 <sup>16</sup> -	73
mod_msec	102	Modification time milliseconds of day. Last modification time.	Unsigne d Integer –4	msec / 1 msec	0 to 86,400,9 99	73
version_num	106	Version number. Version number of the assembly that generated the data.	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 63	
sub_version_num	107	Sub-version number. Sub-version number of the assembly that generated the data.	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 63	
sub_sub_version_ num	108	Sub-sub-version number. Sub-sub-version number of the assembly that generated the data.	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 63	

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
lna_corr_value	109	LNA Correction Value. Indicates results of validation of LNA number. Value of 0 indicates no validation or correction was made, otherwise if non-zero, this value is to be used instead of lna_num.	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 4	9
reserve4	110	Reserved. Four bytes.	Unsigne d Integer –4	N/A	0	

## 3.1.4.4 Secondary CHDO 135 (Interferometric Data Types)

Secondary CHDO 135 is used for the following Interferometric data type (format code): VLBI (data type 10). Secondary CHDO 135 is defined in Table 3-7.

Table 3-7. Secondary CHDO 135 Definitions

Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
chdo_type	0	Type attribute of the secondary CHDO.	Unsigne d Integer –2	N/A	135	
chdo_length	2	Length attribute of the secondary CHDO. Indicates the length, in bytes, of the value field (bytes after this item) of the secondary CHDO.	Unsigne d Integer -2	bytes	88	
orig_id	4	Originator ID. Indicates where this SFDU was originated. Per Reference [3b].	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 255	
last_modifier_id	5	Last modifier ID. Indicates that the contents of this SFDU were last modified by the VLBI system. Per Reference [3b].	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 255	
reserve1a	6	Reserved. For future expansion of scft_id.	Unsigne d Integer –1	N/A	0	

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
scft_id	7	Spacecraft number. Per Reference [3a]	Unsigne d Integer –1	N/A	1 to 255	
rec_seq_num	8	Record sequence number (RSN). Begins with zero; increments by one for each successive VLBI tracking SFDU of the same data type; wraps around from 2 <sup>32</sup> -1 to zero.	Unsigne d Integer –4	N/A	0 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -1	
year	12	Time tag year.	Unsigne d Integer -2	N/A	1958 to 3000	
doy	14	Time tag day of year.	Unsigned Integer –2	N/A	1 to 366	
sec	16	Time tag seconds of day.	IEEE Double	seconds / 0.1 msec	0.00 to 86,400.9 999	1
rct_day	24	Record creation time days. Days since 1/1/1958.	Unsigne d Integer –2	Days / 1 day	0 to 2 <sup>16</sup> - 1	74
rct_msec	26	Record creation time milliseconds of day.	Unsigne d Integer –4	msec / 1 msec	0 to 86,400,999	74
ul_dss_id	30	Primary uplink antenna number. Per Reference [8].	Unsigne d Integer –1	N/A	0 to 255	
dl_dss_id	31	Primary downlink antenna number. Per Reference [8].	Unsigne d Integer –1	N/A	0 to 255	
dl_dss_id_2	32	Secondary downlink antenna number. Per Reference [8].	Unsigne d Integer –1	N/A	0 to 255	
dl_band	33	Downlink frequency band.  0 => unknown  1 => S-band  2 => X-band  3 => Ka-band  4 => Ku-band  5 => L-band	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 5	

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
prdx_mode	34	Predicts mode.  0 => No Predicts  1 => One-way  2 => Two-way  3 => Three-way	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 3	
ul_band	35	Uplink Frequency band.  0 => unknown  1 => S-band  2 => X-band  3 => Ka-band  4 => Ku-band  5 => L-band  Valid only if prdx_mode is 2 or 3. Per Reference [8]. A value of 0 means that the number is unknown or not valid (e.g., no uplink).	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 6	
rec_type	36	Record type. 71 => spacecraft DOD 72 => quasar DOD 73 => spacecraft DOR 74 => quasar DOR	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	71 to 74	
source_type	37	VLBI source. 0 => quasar 1 => spacecraft	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 or 1	
fts_vld_flag	38	Frequency and Timing (FTS) validity. 0 => Equipment is not synced with FTS 1 => Equipment is synced with FTS	Unsigne d Integer- 1	N/A	0 or 1	
reserve1b	39	Reserved.	Unsigne d Integer-1	N/A	0	
array_flag	40	Array flag for primary antenna. 0 => Not arrayed 1 => Arrayed with FSP #1 2 => Arrayed with FSP #2	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 2	87

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
array_flag_2	41	Array flag for secondary antenna. 0 => Not arrayed 1 => Arrayed with FSP #1 2 => Arrayed with FSP #2	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 2	87
array_delay	42	Array delay value at primary antenna. Time delay added to signal path by arraying equipment. Obtained from arraying equipment. Any measurements include this delay. Valid only if Array Flag (array_flag) is nonzero.	IEEE Double	seconds / 0.1 nsec	0.0 to 1.0	4
array_delay_2	50	Array delay value at secondary antenna. Time delay added to path by arraying equipment. Obtained from arraying equipment. Any measurements include this delay. Valid only if Secondary Antenna Array Flag (array_flag_2) is nonzero.	IEEE Double	seconds / 0.1 nsec	0.0 to 1.0	4
rcv_time_tag_del ay	58	Receive time tag delay at primary antenna.  Value offsets downlink time tag (e.g., for Goldstone Beam Wavefuide antennas). A value of -1.0 indicates invalid (or not provided).	IEEE Double	seconds / 0.1 nsec	-1.0, 0.0 to 1.0	
rcv_time_tag_del ay_2	66	Receive time tag delay at secondary antenna. Value offsets downlink time tag (e.g., for Goldstone Beam Wavefuide antennas). A value of – 1.0 indicates invalid (or not provided).	IEEE Double	seconds / 0.1 nsec	-1.0, 0.0 to 1.0	

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
mod_day	74	Modification time days. Days since 1/1/1958. Last modification time.	Unsigne d Integer -2	Days / 1 day	0 to 2 <sup>16</sup> -	73
mod_msec	76	Modification time milliseconds of day. Last modification time.	Unsigne d Integer –4	msec / 1 msec	0 to 86,400,9 99	73
version_num	80	Version number. Version number of the assembly that generated the data.	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 63	
sub_version_num	81	Sub-version number. Sub-version number of the assembly that generated the data.	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 63	
sub_sub_version_ num	82	Sub-sub-version number. Sub-sub-version number of the assembly that generated the data.	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 63	
reserve1c	83	Reserved. One byte.	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0	
reserve8	84	Reserved. Eight bytes.	Unsigne d Integer –8	N/A	0	

# 3.1.4.5 Secondary CHDO 136 (Filtered Data Types)

Secondary CHDO 136 is used for the following Filtered data types (format codes): Smoothed Noise (data type 12) and Allan Deviation (data type 13). These data types are only generated for DTT-type antennas. Secondary CHDO 136 is defined in Table 3-8.

Table 3-8. Secondary CHDO 136 Definitions

Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
chdo_type	0	Type attribute of the secondary CHDO.	Unsigne d Integer –2	N/A	136	

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
chdo_length	2	Length attribute of the secondary CHDO. Indicates the length, in bytes, of the value field (bytes following this item) of the secondary CHDO.	Unsigne d Integer -2	Bytes	98	
orig_id	4	Originator ID. Indicates where this SFDU was originated. Per Reference [3b].	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 255	
last_modifier_id	5	Last modifier ID. Indicates where the contents of this SFDU were last modified. Per Reference [3b]	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 255	
reserve1	6	Reserved. For future expansion of scft_id.	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0	
scft_id	7	Spacecraft number. Per Reference [3a].	Unsigne d Integer –1	N/A	1 to 255	
rec_seq_num	8	Record sequence number (RSN). Begins with zero; increments by one for each successive filtered SFDU of the same data type; wraps around from 2 <sup>32</sup> -1 to zero. Value is reset to zero when the data processing system software is restarted.	Unsigne d Integer -4	N/A	0 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -1	
year	12	Time tag year.	Unsigne d Integer -2	N/A	1958 to 3000	
doy	14	Time tag day of year.	Unsigned Integer –2	N/A	1 to 366	
sec	16	Time tag seconds of day.	IEEE Double	seconds / 0.01 sec	0.00 to 86,400.9 9	1
rct_day	24	Record creation time days. Days since 1/1/1958.	Unsigne d Integer –2	Days / 1 day	0 to 2 <sup>16</sup> - 1	74

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
rct_msec	26	Record creation time milliseconds of day.	Unsigne d Integer –4	msec / 1 msec	0 to 86,400,999	74
dl_dss_id	30	Downlink antenna number. Per Reference [8].	Unsigne d Integer –1	N/A	0 to 255	
dl_band	31	Downlink frequency band.  0 => unknown  1 => S-band  2 => X-band  3 => Ka-band  4 => Ku-band  5 => L-band	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 5	
dl_chan_num	32	Downlink channel number.	Unsigne d Integer –1	N/A	1 to 24	
prdx_mode	33	Predicts mode.  0 => No Predicts  1 => One-way  2 => Two-way  3 => Three-way	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 3	
ul_prdx_stn	34	Uplink station used for predicts.  Valid only if prdx_mode is 2 or 3. Per Reference [8]. A value of 0 means that the number is unknown or not valid (e.g., no uplink).	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 255	
ul_band_dl	35	Uplink band assumed by downlink.  0 => Unknown or not applicable  1 => S-band  2 => X-band  3 => Ka-band  4 => Ku-band  5 => L-band	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	0 to 5	
rcv_time_tag_ delay	36	Receive time tag delay.  Value used to offset downlink time tag (e.g., for Goldstone Beam Waveguide antennas). A value of -1.0 indicates invalid (or not provided).	IEEE Double	seconds / 0.1 nsec	-1.0, 0.0 to 1.0	3

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Identifier	Byte	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/	Range	Notes
	Off- set			Precision		
array_delay	44	Array delay value. Time delay added to path by arraying equipment. Obtained from arraying equipment. Any measurements include this delay. Valid only if Array Flag (array_flag) is non-zero.	IEEE Double	seconds / 0.1 nsec	0.0 to 1.0	4
fts_vld_flag	52	Frequency and Timing (FTS) validity.  0 => Equipment is not synced with FTS  1 => Equipment is synced with FTS	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	0 or 1	
carr_lock_stat	53	Carrier lock status.  0 => Off  1 => Open (only using predicts)  2 => Acquiring, FFT Search  3 => Acquiring, Waiting for Lock Decision  4 => In Lock  5 => Out of Lock	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	0 to 5	
array_flag	54	Array flag.  0 => Not arrayed  1 => Arrayed with FSP #1  2 => Arrayed with FSP #2	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 2	87
lna_num	55	LNA Number. Value of 0 indicates unknown.	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	0 to 4	
vld_ul_stn	56	Validated uplink station.  Per Reference [8]. The uplink station per the validation process. A value of 0 means that the antenna is unknown or not valid.	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 255	61, 79
vld_dop_mode	57	Validated doppler mode.  0 => Unknown or not applicable  1 => One-way 2 => Two-way 3 => Three-way	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 3	61, 79

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
vld_scft_coh	58	Validated spacecraft coherency.  0 => Unknown or not applicable 1 => Coherent 2 => Non-coherent 3 => Transponded, non-coherent	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 3	79
scft_transpd_lock	59	Spacecraft transponder lock.  0 => Unknown  1 => Out-of-lock  2 => Locked	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 2	5
scft_transpd_num	60	Spacecraft transponder number. 0 if unknown, transponder number otherwise.	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 5	5
reserve1a	61	Reserved. One byte.	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0	
scft_osc_freq	62	Spacecraft oscillator frequency. Spacecraft one-way frequency. 0.0 if unknown.	IEEE Double	Hz / 1 mHz	0.0, 2.0e9 to 32.3e9	6
scft_transpd_delay	70	Spacecraft transponder delay. Coherent ranging delay. Value of -1.0 indicates invalid.	IEEE Double	Seconds / 0.1 nsec	-1.0, 0.0 to 1.0	7
scft_transpd_turn _num	78	Spacecraft transponder turn around ratio numerator. A value of 0 indicates unknown.	Unsigne d Integer -4	N/A	0 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -1	
scft_transpd_turn _den	82	Spacecraft transponder turn around ratio denominator. A value of 0 indicates unknown.	Unsigne d Integer -4	N/A	0 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -1	
scft_twnc_stat	86	Spacecraft two-way non- coherent (TWNC) status. 0 => Unknown 1 => OFF 2 => ON	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 2	5

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
scft_osc_type	87	Spacecraft oscillator type.  0 => Unknown  1 => AUX OSC (auxiliary oscillator)  2 => USO (ultra-stable oscillator)	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 2	5
mod_day	88	Modification time days. Days since 1/1/1958. Last modification time.	Unsigne d Integer -2	Days / 1 day	0 to 2 <sup>16</sup> -	73
mod_msec	90	Modification time milliseconds of day. Last modification time.	Unsigne d Integer -4	msec / 1 msec	0 to 86,400,9 99	73
version_num	94	Version number. Version number of the assembly that generated the data.	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 63	
sub_version_num	95	Sub-version number. Sub-version number of the assembly that generated the data.	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 63	
sub_sub_version_ num	96	Sub-sub-version number. Sub-sub-version number of the assembly that generated the data.	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 63	
reserve1b	97	Reserved. One byte.	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0	
reserve4	98	Reserved. Four bytes.	Unsigne d Integer -4	N/A	0	

#### 3.1.5 Tracking Data CHDOs

There are 18 types of Tracking Data CHDOs, split into five categories: uplink data, downlink data, derived data, interferometric data, and filtered data. Uplink data are the validated uplink phases from the UPL-DTT antennas and the uplink ramps. Downlink data are the validated downlink phases from the UPL-DTT antennas. Derived data are the data from the non-UPL-DTT antennas, and the processed doppler, range and DRVID data from the UPL-DTT antennas. Interferometric data are the VLBI data. Filtered data are the measurements derived from the accumulated downlink carrier phase data (smoothed noise and Allan Deviation) and are only available for UPL-DTT antennas. The data types are as follows:

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- Uplink Data
  - Uplink Carrier Phase (data type 0)
  - Uplink Sequential Ranging Phase (data type 2)
  - Uplink PN Ranging Phase (data type 4)
  - Ramp (data type 9)
- Downlink Data
  - Downlink Carrier Phase (data type 1)
  - Downlink Sequential Ranging Phase (data type 3)
  - Downlink PN Ranging Phase (data type 5)
- Derived Data
  - Doppler Count (data type 6)
  - Sequential Range (data type 7)
  - Angle (data type 8)
  - DRVID (data type 11)
  - PN Range (data type 14)
  - Tone Range (data type 15)
  - Carrier Frequency Observable (data type 16)
  - Total Count Phase Observable (data type 17)
- Interferometric Data
  - VLBI (data type 10)
- Filtered Data
  - Smoothed Noise (data type 12)
  - Allan Deviation (data type 13)

#### 3.1.5.1 Uplink Data CHDOs

There are four Uplink Data CHDOs: Uplink Carrier Phase (data type 0), Uplink Sequential Ranging Phase (data type 2), Uplink PN Ranging Phase (data type 4), and Ramp (data type 9). Their formats and contents are specified in sections 3.1.5.1.1 to 3.1.5.1.4.

#### 3.1.5.1.1 Uplink Carrier Phase CHDO (Data Type 0)

The Uplink Carrier Phase CHDO is defined in Table 3-9.

Table 3-9. Uplink Carrier Phase CHDO (Data Type 0) Definitions

Identifier	Byte Off- sets	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
chdo_type	0	Type attribute of the uplink	Unsigned	N/A	10	
		carrier phase data CHDO.	Integer –			
		CHDO contains binary data.	2			

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Identifier	Byte Off- sets	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
chdo_length	2	Length attribute of the uplink carrier phase data CHDO value field. Number of bytes after this item.	Unsigned Integer – 2	bytes	76	
ul_hi_phs_cycles	4	High part phase data whole cycles.	Unsigned Integer – 4	Total integer phase cycles divided by 2 <sup>32</sup>	0 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -	8
ul_lo_phs_cycles	8	Low part phase data whole cycles.	Unsigned Integer – 4	Total integer phase cycles modulo $2^{32}$	0 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -	8
ul_frac_phs_cycle s	12	Fractional part phase data cycles.	Unsigned Integer – 4	Fractiona l phase cycles multiplie d by 2 <sup>32</sup>	0 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -	8
ramp_freq	16	Ramp frequency. Precision varies with band (phase data gives higher precision). A value of 0.0 indicates an invalid or unknown value S-band => 0.5 μHz X-band => 1.6 μHz Ka-band => 7.7 μHz	IEEE Double	Sky level Hz, at least 7.7 µHz precision (band dependen t)	0.0, 2.0e9 to 34.7e9	
ramp_rate	24	Ramp rate.	IEEE Double	Sky level Hz/sec, µHz/sec precision	-3.2e5 to 3.2e5	
transmit_switch_s tat	32	Transmitter switch status.  0 => antenna  1 => water load  2 => invalid/unknown	Unsigned Integer – 1	N/A	0 to 2	

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Identifier	Byte Off- sets	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
ramp_type	33	Ramp type.  0 => snap  1 => start of new ramp  2 => medial report  3 => periodic report  4 => end of ramps  5 => ramping terminated  by operator  6 => invalid/unknown	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	0 to 6	
transmit_op_pwr	34	Transmitter output power.	IEEE Single	W / 0.1 W	0.0 to 500,000.0	
sup_data_id	38	Support data ID.  Name of the frequency predicts set used.	ASCII –8	N/A	ASCII string	
sup_data_rev	46	Support data revision. Revision of the frequency predicts set used.	ASCII –8	N/A	ASCII string	
prdx_time_offset	54	Predicts time offset. Seconds added to current time.	IEEE Double	Seconds / 0.1 sec	-31,536, 000.0 to 31,536,0 00.0	54
prdx_freq_offset	62	Predicts frequency offset. Hz added to predicted value.	IEEE Double	Hz / 1 mHz	-4.8e6 to 4.8e6	55
time_tag_corr_fla	70	Time tag correction flag. Indicates results of validation of the block time tag.  0 => no validation attempted  1 => validated, no change  2 => validated, changed	Unsigned Integer – 1	N/A	0 to 2	
type_time_corr_fl ag	71	Type of time tag correction flag.  Indicates what type of time tag correction was made.  0 => no correction  1 => Year correction  2 => DOY correction  3 => Both Year and DOY correction	Unsigned Integer – 1	N/A	0 to 3	

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Identifier	Byte Off- sets	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
reserve8	72	Reserved. Eight bytes.	Unsigned Integer – 8	N/A	0	

# 3.1.5.1.2 Uplink Sequential Ranging Phase CHDO (Data Type 2)

The Uplink Sequential Ranging Phase CHDO is defined in Table 3-10.

Table 3-10. Uplink Sequential Ranging Phase CHDO (Data Type 2) Definitions

Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
chdo_type	0	Type attribute of the uplink sequential ranging phase data CHDO. CHDO contains binary data.	Unsigne d Integer -2	N/A	10	
chdo_length	2	Length attribute of the uplink sequential ranging phase data CHDO value field. Number of bytes after this item.	Unsigne d Integer -2	bytes	108	
stn_cal	4	Station calibration value. (Two-way). Value includes the equipment in the path, but not the Z-height correction. (0.0 if not measured.)	IEEE Double	Range Units / 0.01 RU	0.0 to 1.8e5	24
ul_stn_cal	12	Uplink station calibration value.  Value includes the uplink equipment in the path, but not the Z-height correction. (0.0 if not measured.)	IEEE Double	Range Units / 0.01 RU	0.0 to 1.8e5	10,24
ul_cal_freq	20	Uplink calibration frequency. Frequency the calibration was done at.	IEEE Double	Sky level Hz / 1 mHz	2.0e9 to 34.4e9	
cal_std_dev	28	Standard deviation of station calibration value. For stn_cal and ul_stn_cal.	IEEE Single	Range Units / 0.01 RU	0.0 to 1.8e5	24

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
cal_pts	32	Calibration points.  Number of measurements made in computing station calibration values (stn_cal, ul stn cal, cal std dev).	Unsigned Integer –2	N/A	0 to 65,535	
ul_rng_phs	34	Measured range phase. Range phase.	IEEE Double	Range Units / 0.01 RU	0.0 to 2 <sup>30</sup>	11,24
transmit_switch_s tat	42	Transmitter switch status.  0 => antenna  1 => water load  2 => invalid/unknown	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 2	
invert	43	Invert. Polarity of modulation. 0 => not inverted 1 => inverted	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 or 1	52
transmit_op_pwr	44	Transmitter output power.	IEEE Single	W / 0.1 W	0.0 to 500,000.0	
template_id	48	Template ID. Value is the file name of the ranging parameter file.	ASCII – 8	N/A	ASCII string	
t1	56	T1 setting.	Unsigne d Integer -2	Seconds / 1 sec	1 to 3600	12
t2	58	T2 setting.	Unsigne d Integer –2	Seconds / 1 sec	1 to 1800	13
t3	60	T3 setting.	Unsigne d Integer -2	Seconds / 1 sec	0 to 1800	14
first_comp_num	62	First component number.	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	1 to 24	15
last_comp_num	63	Last component number.	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	1 to 24	15
chop_comp_num	64	Chop component number. This is the component used to chop the other components.	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 10	15,16
num_drvid	65	Number of DRVID measurements.	Unsigne d Integer –1	N/A	0 to 255	

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
transmit_inphs_ti me_year	66	Transmit In-phase time – year. Year of the time of zero phase on uplink range generation.	Unsigne d Integer -2	N/A	1958 to 3000	75
transmit_inphs_ti me_doy	68	Transmit In-phase time – day of year.  Day of year of the time of zero phase on uplink range generation.	Unsigne d Integer -2	N/A	1 to 366	75
transmit_inphs_ti me_sec	70	Transmit In-phase time – seconds of day. Seconds of day of the time of zero phase on uplink range generation.	IEEE Double	Seconds / 1 µsec	0.00000 0 to 86,400.9 99999	75
carr_sup_rng_mo dul	78	Carrier Suppression by ranging modulation. Reduction in carrier power due to ranging modulation.	IEEE Single	dB / 0.1 dB	0.0 to 15.0	
rng_modul_amp	82	Ranging modulation amplitude. Actual digital modulation amplitude used by the ranging hardware.	Unsigne d Integer -2	N/A	0 to 2 <sup>12</sup>	
exc_scalar_num	84	Exciter Scalar Numerator.  Numerator of multiplier that is used to generate ranging reference signal from uplink sky frequency.	Unsigne d Integer -4	N/A	1 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -	17
exc_scalar_den	88	Exciter Scalar Denominator. Denominator of multiplier that is used to generate ranging reference signal from uplink sky frequency.	Unsigne d Integer -4	N/A	1 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -	17
rng_cycle_time	92	Ranging cycle time. Time to complete one cycle of the ranging code.	IEEE Double	Seconds / 0.1 sec	4.0 to 504,536.	18
time_tag_corr_fla	100	Time tag correction flag. Indicates results of validation of the block time tag.  0 => no validation attempted  1 => validated, no change  2 => validated, changed	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 2	

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
type_time_corr_fl ag	101	Type of time tag correction flag. Indicates what type of time tag correction was made.  0 => no correction  1 => Year correction  2 => DOY correction  3 => Both Year and DOY correction	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 3	
clock_waveform	102	Clock waveform type.  0 => squarewave  1 => sinewave	Unsigne d Integer	N/A	0 or 1	
chop_start_num	103	Chop Start. The first component chopped.	Unsigne d Integer –1	N/A	0 to 25	16
rng_meas_type	104	Range Measurement Type. Type of sequential measurement. 0 => ranging measurement 1 => calibration	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 or 1	
reserve1	105	Reserved. One byte.	Unsigne d Integer –1	N/A	0	
reserve6	106	Reserved. Six bytes.	Unsigne d Integer –6	N/A	0	

## 3.1.5.1.3 Uplink PN Ranging Phase CHDO (Data Type 4)

The Uplink PN Ranging Phase CHDO is defined in Table 3-11.

Table 3-11. Uplink PN Ranging Phase CHDO (Data Type 4) Definitions

Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
chdo_type	0	Type attribute of the uplink PN ranging phase data CHDO.	Unsigne d Integer -2	N/A	10	
		CHDO contains binary data.	_			

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
chdo_length	2	Length attribute of the uplink PN ranging phase data CHDO value field. Number of bytes after this item.	Unsigne d Integer -2	bytes	190	
stn_cal	4	Station calibration value. (two-way). Value includes the equipment in the path, but not the Z-height correction. (0.0 if not measured.)	IEEE Double	Range Units / 0.01 RU	0.0 to 1.8e5	24
ul_stn_cal	12	Uplink station calibration value. Value includes the uplink equipment in the path, but not the Z-height correction. (0.0 if not measured.)	IEEE Double	Range Units / 0.01 RU	0.0 to 1.8e5	10,24
ul_cal_freq	20	Uplink calibration frequency. Frequency the calibration was done at.	IEEE Double	Sky level Hz / 1 mHz	2.0e9 to 34.4e9	
cal_std_dev	28	Standard deviation of station calibration value. For stn_cal and ul_stn_cal.	IEEE Single	Range Units / 0.01 RU	0.0 to 1.8e5	24
cal_pts	32	Calibration points.  Number of measurements made in computing station calibration values (stn_cal, ul stn cal, and cal std dev).	Unsigne d Integer -2	N/A	0 to 65,535	
ul_rng_phs	34	Measured range phase. Range phase.	IEEE Double	Range Units / 0.01 RU	$2^{30}$ to	11,24
state_subcode1	42	Subcode #1 code state. Position in the subcode at the time tag.	Unsigne d Integer –1	N/A	0 to 63	19
state_subcode2	43	Subcode #2 code state. Position in the subcode at the time tag.	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 63	19
state_subcode3	44	Subcode #3 code state. Position in the subcode at the time tag.	Unsigne d Integer –1	N/A	0 to 63	19
state_subcode4	45	Subcode #4 code state. Position in the subcode at the time tag.	Unsigne d Integer –1	N/A	0 to 63	19

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
state_subcode5	46	Subcode #5 code state. Position in the subcode at the time tag.	Unsigne d Integer –1	N/A	0 to 63	19
state_subcode6	47	Subcode #6 code state. Position in the subcode at the time tag.	Unsigne d Integer –1	N/A	0 to 63	19
pn_clk_phs	48	PN chip clock phase. Position in the chip at the time tag.	IEEE Double	Cycles / 1 µcycle	0.0 to 1.0	19
transmit_switch_s tat	56	Transmitter switch status.  0 => antenna 1 => water load 2 => invalid/unknown	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 2	
invert	57	Invert. Polarity of modulation signal. 0 => not inverted 1 => inverted	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 or 1	52
transmit_op_pwr	58	Transmitter output power.	IEEE Single	W / 0.1 W	0.0 to 500,000.	
template_id	62	Template ID. Ranging configuration file ID, or the name of the PN pattern if configured by operator directive.	ASCII – 22	N/A	ASCII string	
clk_divider	84	Clock divider. Value that exciter ranging reference frequency is divided by to get PN chip rate.	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	1 to 64	20
len_subcode1	85	SequenceSubcode #1 length. A value of 0 implies no subcode.	Unsigne d Integer -1	Chips / 1 chip	0 to 64	21
len_subcode2	86	Subcode #2 length. A value of 0 implies no subcode.	Unsigne d Integer –1	Chips / 1 chip	0 to 64	21
len_subcode3	87	Subcode #3 length. A value of 0 implies no subcode.	Unsigne d Integer	Chips / 1 chip	0 to 64	21
len_subcode4	88	Subcode #4 length. A value of 0 implies no subcode.	Unsigne d Integer –1	Chips / 1 chip	0 to 64	21

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
len_subcode5	89	Subcode #5 length. A value of 0 implies no subcode.	Unsigne d Integer –1	Chips / 1 chip	0 to 64	21
len_subcode6	90	Subcode #6 length. A value of 0 implies no subcode.	Unsigne d Integer –1	Chips / 1 chip	0 to 64	21
op_subcode1	91	Operation #1. Logical operation between the accumulated pattern and the next subcode.  0 => AND 1 => OR 2 => XOR 3 => Majority Vote	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 3	
op_subcode2	92	Operation #2. (See Item op_subcode1)	Unsigne d Integer –1	N/A	0 to 3	
op_subcode3	93	Operation #3. (See Item op_subcode1)	Unsigne d Integer –1	N/A	0 to 3	
op_subcode4	94	Operation #4. (See Item op_subcode1)	Unsigne d Integer –1	N/A	0 to 3	
op_subcode5	95	Operation #5. (See Item op_subcode1)	Unsigne d Integer –1	N/A	0 to 3	
def_subcode1	96	Subcode #1 component value. Definition of the subcode.	Unsigne d Integer -8	N/A	0 to 2 <sup>64</sup> -	21
def_subcode2	104	Subcode #2 component value. Definition of the subcode.	Unsigne d Integer –8	N/A	0 to 2 <sup>64</sup> -	21
def_subcode3	112	Subcode #3 component value. Definition of the subcode.	Unsigne d Integer –8	N/A	0 to 2 <sup>64</sup> -	21
def_subcode4	120	Subcode #4 component value. Definition of the subcode.	Unsigne d Integer –8	N/A	0 to 2 <sup>64</sup> -	21
def_subcode5	128	Subcode #5 component value. Definition of the subcode.	Unsigne d Integer –8	N/A	0 to 2 <sup>64</sup> -	21

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
def_subcode6	136	Subcode #6 component value.  Definition of the subcode.	Unsigne d Integer –8	N/A	0 to 2 <sup>64</sup> -	21
pn_code_length	144	Code Length.	Unsigne d Integer –4	PN chips / 1 chip	2 to 1100000 0	22
transmit_inphs_ti me_year	148	Transmit In-phase time – year. Year of the time of zero phase on uplink range generation.	Unsigne d Integer -2	N/A	1958 to 3000	75
transmit_inphs_ti me_doy	150	Transmit In-phase time – day of year.  Day of year of the time of zero phase on uplink range generation.	Unsigne d Integer -2	N/A	1 to 366	75
transmit_inphs_ti me_sec	152	Transmit In-phase time – seconds of day. Seconds of day of the time of zero phase on uplink range generation.	IEEE Double	Seconds / 1 µsec	0.00000 0 to 86,400.9 99999	75
carr_sup_rng_mo dul	160	Carrier Suppression by ranging modulation. Reduction in carrier power due to ranging modulation.	IEEE Single	dB / 0.1 dB	0.0 to 15.0	
rng_modul_amp	164	Ranging modulation amplitude. Actual digital modulation amplitude used by the ranging hardware.	Unsigne d Integer -2	N/A	0 to 2 <sup>12</sup>	
exc_scalar_num	166	Exciter Scalar Numerator.  Numerator of multiplier that is used to generate ranging reference signal from uplink sky frequency.	Unsigne d Integer -4	N/A	1 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -	17
exc_scalar_den	170	Exciter Scalar Denominator.  Denominator of multiplier that is used to generate ranging reference signal from uplink sky frequency.	Unsigne d Integer -4	N/A	1 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -	17
rng_cycle_time	174	Ranging cycle time. Time to complete one cycle of ranging code.	IEEE Double	Range Units / 0.01 RU	0.0 to 1.0e9	23,24

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
clock_waveform	182	Clock waveform type. 0 => squarewave 1 => sinewave	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 or 1	
rng_meas_type	183	Range Measurement Type. Type of PN measurement. 0 => spacecraft measurement 1 => calibration	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 or 1	
time_tag_corr_fla	184	Time tag correction flag. Indicates results of validation of the block time tag.  0 => no validation attempted  1 => validated, no change  2 => validated, changed	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 2	
type_time_corr_fl ag	185	Type of time tag correction flag. Indicates what type of time tag correction was made.  0 => no correction  1 => Year correction  2 => DOY correction  3 => Both Year and DOY correction	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 3	
reserve8	186	Reserved. Eight bytes.	Unsiged Integer- 8	N/A	0	

### 3.1.5.1.4 Ramp CHDO (Data Type 9)

For UPL-DTT antennas the Ramp CHDO is generated only when **ramp\_type** equals 0, 1, 4, or 5, OR when **transmit\_stat** changes. For non-UPL-DTT antennas the Ramp CHDO is generated at the beginning of a pass or when either **prdx\_mode** or **ul\_band\_dl** changes for a given spacecraft. The Ramp CHDO is defined in Table 3-12.

Table 3-12. Ramp CHDO (Data Type 9) Definitions

Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
chdo_type	0	Type attribute of the ramp	Unsigne	N/A	10	
		data CHDO.	d Integer			
		CHDO contains binary data.	-2			

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
chdo_length	2	Length attribute of the ramp data CHDO value field.  Number of bytes after this item.	Unsigne d Integer -2	bytes	38	
ul_hi_phs_cycles	4	High part uplink phase data whole cycles. Phase at time tag.	Unsigne d Integer -4	Total integer phase cycles divided by 2 <sup>32</sup>	0 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -	8
ul_lo_phs_cycles	8	Low part uplink phase data whole cycles. Phase at time tag.	Unsigne d Integer -4	Total integer phase cycles modulo $2^{32}$	0 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -	8
ul_frac_phs_cycles	12	Fractional part uplink phase data cycles. Phase at time tag.	Unsigne d Integer -4	Fractiona l phase cycles multiplie d by 2 <sup>32</sup>	0 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -	8
ramp_freq	16	Ramp frequency. Precision varies with band (phase data gives higher precision). A value of 0.0 indicates an invalid or unknown value. S-band => 0.5 μHz X-band => 1.6 μHz Ka-band => 7.7 μHz	IEEE Double	Sky level Hz, at least 7.7 µHz precision (band dependen t)	0.0, 2.0e9 to 34.7e9	
ramp_rate	24	Ramp rate.	IEEE Double	Sky level Hz/sec, µHz/sec precision	-3.2e5 to 3.2e5	
ramp_type	32	Ramp type.  0 => snap  1 => start of new ramp  2 => medial report  3 => periodic report  4=> end of ramps  5 => ramping terminated by operator  6 => invalid/unknown	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	0 to 6	

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
reserve1	33	Reserved. One byte.	Unsigne d Integer –1	N/A	0	
reserve8	34	Reserved. Eight bytes.	Unsigne d Integer –8	N/A	0	

#### 3.1.5.2 Downlink Data CHDOs

There are three Downlink Data CHDOs: Downlink Carrier Phase (data type 1), Downlink Sequential Ranging Phase (data type 3), and Downlink PN Ranging Phase (data type 5). Their formats and contents are specified in sections 3.1.5.2.1 to 3.1.5.2.3.

#### 3.1.5.2.1 Downlink Carrier Phase CHDO (Data Type 1)

The Downlink Carrier Phase CHDO is defined in Table 3-13.

Table 3-13. Downlink Carrier Phase CHDO (Data Type 1) Definitions

Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
chdo_type	0	Type attribute of the downlink carrier phase data CHDO. CHDO contains binary data.	Unsigne d Integer -2	N/A	10	
chdo_length	2	Length attribute of the downlink carrier phase data CHDO value field. Number of bytes after this item.	Unsigne d Integer -2	bytes	228	
carr_loop_bw	4	Carrier tracking loop bandwidth.	IEEE Single	Hz / 1 mHz	0.1 to 50.0	
pen0	8	Pc/N0. Carrier power to noise spectral density ratio. Has a value of -300.0 if no signal.	IEEE Single	dB-Hz / 0.1 dB- Hz	0.0 to 90.0, -300.0	
pcn0_resid	12	Pc/N0 residual. Actual value minus predicted value.	IEEE Single	dB-Hz / 0.1 dB- Hz	-90.0 to 90.0	

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
pdn0	16	Pd/N0. Data power to noise spectral density ratio. Has a value of -300.0 if no signal.	IEEE Single	dB-Hz / 0.1 dB- Hz	0.0 to 90.0, -300.0	25
pdn0_resid	20	Pd/N0 residual. Actual value minus predicted value.	IEEE Single	dB-Hz / 0.1 dB- Hz	-90.0 to 90.0	
system_noise _temp	24	System Noise Temperature.	IEEE Single	k (degrees kelvin) / 0.1 k	0.1 to 2000.0	
phs_hi_0	28	Raw phase sample 0 – High part phase data whole cycles. (time tag + 0.0 sec)	Unsigne d Integer -4	Total integer phase cycles divided by 2 <sup>32</sup>	0 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -	8
phs_lo_0	32	Raw phase sample 0 – Low part phase data whole cycles. (time tag + 0.0 sec)	Unsigne d Integer -4	Total integer phase cycles modulo $2^{32}$	0 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -	8
phs_frac_0	36	Raw phase sample 0 – Fractional part phase data cycles. (time tag + 0.0 sec)	Unsigne d Integer -4	Fractiona l phase cycles multiplie d by 2 <sup>32</sup>	0 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -	8
phs_hi_1	40	Raw phase sample 1 – High part phase data whole cycles. (time tag + 0.1 sec)	Unsigne d Integer -4	Total integer phase cycles divided by 2 <sup>32</sup>	0 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -	8
phs_lo_1	44	Raw phase sample 1 – Low part phase data whole cycles. (time tag + 0.1 sec)	Unsigne d Integer –4	Total integer phase cycles modulo $2^{32}$	0 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -	8

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
phs_frac_1	48	Raw phase sample 1 – Fractional part phase data cycles. (time tag + 0.1 sec)	Unsigne d Integer -4	Fractiona l phase cycles multiplie d by 2 <sup>32</sup>	0 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -	8
phs_hi_2	52	Raw phase sample 2 – High part phase data whole cycles. (time tag + 0.2 sec)	Unsigne d Integer -4	Total integer phase cycles divided by 2 <sup>32</sup>	0 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -	8
phs_lo_2	56	Raw phase sample 2 – Low part phase data whole cycles. (time tag + 0.2 sec)	Unsigne d Integer -4	Total integer phase cycles modulo $2^{32}$	0 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -1	8
phs_frac_2	60	Raw phase sample 2 – Fractional part phase data cycles. (time tag + 0.2 sec)	Unsigne d Integer -4	Fractiona l phase cycles multiplie d by 2 <sup>32</sup>	0 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -	8
phs_hi_3	64	Raw phase sample 3 – High part phase data whole cycles. (time tag + 0.3 sec)	Unsigne d Integer -4	Total integer phase cycles divided by 2 <sup>32</sup>	0 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -1	8
phs_lo_3	68	Raw phase sample 3 – Low part phase data whole cycles. (time tag + 0.3 sec)	Unsigne d Integer -4	Total integer phase cycles modulo $2^{32}$	0 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -	8
phs_frac_3	72	Raw phase sample 3 – Fractional part phase data cycles. (time tag + 0.3 sec)	Unsigne d Integer -4	Fractiona l phase cycles multiplie d by 2 <sup>32</sup>	0 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -1	8

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
phs_hi_4	76	Raw phase sample 4 – High part phase data whole cycles. (time tag + 0.4 sec)	Unsigne d Integer -4	Total integer phase cycles divided by 2 <sup>32</sup>	0 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -	8
phs_lo_4	80	Raw phase sample 4 – Low part phase data whole cycles. (time tag + 0.4 sec)	Unsigne d Integer -4	Total integer phase cycles modulo $2^{32}$	0 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -	8
phs_frac_4	84	Raw phase sample 4 – Fractional part phase data cycles. (time tag + 0.4 sec)	Unsigne d Integer -4	Fractiona l phase cycles multiplie d by 2 <sup>32</sup>	0 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -	8
phs_hi_5	88	Raw phase sample 5 – High part phase data whole cycles. (time tag + 0.5 sec)	Unsigne d Integer -4	Total integer phase cycles divided by 2 <sup>32</sup>	0 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -	8
phs_lo_5	92	Raw phase sample 5 – Low part phase data whole cycles. (time tag + 0.5 sec)	Unsigne d Integer -4	Total integer phase cycles modulo $2^{32}$	0 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -	8
phs_frac_5	96	Raw phase sample 5 – Fractional part phase data cycles. (time tag + 0.5 sec)	Unsigne d Integer -4	Fractiona l phase cycles multiplie d by 2 <sup>32</sup>	0 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -	8
phs_hi_6	100	Raw phase sample 6 – High part phase data whole cycles. (time tag + 0.6 sec)	Unsigne d Integer –4	Total integer phase cycles divided by 2 <sup>32</sup>	0 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -	8

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
phs_lo_6	104	Raw phase sample 6 – Low part phase data whole cycles. (time tag + 0.6 sec)	Unsigne d Integer -4	Total integer phase cycles modulo $2^{32}$	0 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -	8
phs_frac_6	108	Raw phase sample 6 – Fractional part phase data cycles. (time tag + 0.6 sec)	Unsigne d Integer -4	Fractiona l phase cycles multiplie d by 2 <sup>32</sup>	0 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -	8
phs_hi_7	112	Raw phase sample 7 – High part phase data whole cycles. (time tag + 0.7 sec)	Unsigne d Integer –4	Total integer phase cycles divided by 2 <sup>32</sup>	0 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -	8
phs_lo_7	116	Raw phase sample 7 – Low part phase data whole cycles. (time tag + 0.7 sec)	Unsigne d Integer -4	Total integer phase cycles modulo $2^{32}$	0 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -	8
phs_frac_7	120	Raw phase sample 7 – Fractional part phase data cycles (time tag + 0.7 sec)	Unsigne d Integer -4	Fractiona l phase cycles multiplie d by 2 <sup>32</sup>	0 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -	8
phs_hi_8	124	Raw phase sample 8 – High part phase data whole cycles. (time tag + 0.8 sec)	Unsigne d Integer -4	Total integer phase cycles divided by 2 <sup>32</sup>	0 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -	8
phs_lo_8	128	Raw phase sample 8 – Low part phase data whole cycles. (time tag + 0.8 sec)	Unsigne d Integer –4	Total integer phase cycles modulo $2^{32}$	0 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -	8

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
phs_frac_8	132	Raw phase sample 8 – Fractional part phase data cycles. (time tag + 0.8 sec)	Unsigne d Integer -4	Fractiona l phase cycles multiplie d by 2 <sup>32</sup>	0 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -	8
phs_hi_9	136	Raw phase sample 9 – High part phase data whole cycles. (time tag + 0.9 sec)	Unsigne d Integer -4	Total integer phase cycles divided by 2 <sup>32</sup>	0 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -	8
phs_lo_9	140	Raw phase sample 9 – Low part phase data whole cycles. (time tag + 0.9 sec)	Unsigne d Integer –4	Total integer phase cycles modulo $2^{32}$	0 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -	8
phs_frac_9	144	Raw phase sample 9 – Fractional part phase data cycles. (time tag + 0.9 sec)	Unsigne d Integer -4	Fractiona l phase cycles multiplie d by 2 <sup>32</sup>	0 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -	8
phs_hi_avg	148	Averaged phase sample – High part phase data whole cycles. One-second average, centered around time tag.	Unsigne d Integer -4	Total integer phase cycles divided by 2 <sup>32</sup>	0 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -	8
phs_lo_avg	152	Averaged phase sample – Low part phase data whole cycles. One-second average, centered around time tag.	Unsigne d Integer -4	Total integer phase cycles modulo $2^{32}$	0 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -	8
phs_frac_avg	156	Averaged phase sample – Fractional part phase data cycles. One-second average, centered around time tag.	Unsigne d Integer -4	Fractiona l phase cycles multiplie d by 2 <sup>32</sup>	0 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -	8
dl_freq	160	Downlink frequency. Frequency at the time tag.	IEEE Double	Sky level Hz / 1 mHz	2.2e9 to 32.3e9	

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
dop_resid	168	Doppler residual. Negative of frequency residual.	IEEE Single	Sky level Hz / 1 mHz	-1.0e6 to 1.0e6	
dop_noise	172	Doppler noise. Averaged over 10 points in record.	IEEE Single	Hz / 1 mHz	0.0 to 1000.0	26
slipped_cycles	176	Slipped cycles.	Integer –	N/A	-10 to	31
carr_loop_type	180	Carrier loop type.	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	1 to 3	53
snt_flag	181	SNT measurement flag.  0 => SNT value is the predicted value  1 => SNT value is the measured value	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	0 or 1	
carr_resid_wt	182	Carrier residual weight. (Weight value applied to residual phase error in carrier tracking; suppressed carrier weight is 1.0 minus this value.)	IEEE Single	N/A	0.0 to 1.0	27
sup_data_id	186	Support data ID.  Name of the frequency predicts set used.	ASCII – 8	N/A	ASCII String	
sup_data_rev	194	Support data revision. Revision of the frequency predicts set used.	ASCII – 8	N/A	ASCII String	
prdx_time_offset	202	Predicts time offset. Seconds added to current time.	IEEE Double	Seconds / 1 msec	-8.64e4 to 8.64e4	54
prdx_freq_offset	210	Predicts frequency offset. Hz added to predicted value.	IEEE Double	Hz / 1 mHz	-1.0e6 to 1.0e6	55
carr_resid_tol_flag	218	Carrier residual tolerance flag. 0 => Out of tolerance 1 => In tolerance	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 or 1	62
time_tag_corr_flag	219	Time tag correction flag. Indicates results of validation of the block time tag.  0 => no validation attempted  1 => validated, no change  2 => validated, changed	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 2	

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
type_time_corr_fla	220	Type of time tag correction flag. Indicates what type of time tag correction was made. 0 => no correction 1 => Year correction 2 => DOY correction 3 => Both Year and DOY correction	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 3	
dop_mode_corr_fl ag	221	Doppler mode correction flag. Indicates the results of the validation of the doppler mode.  0 => not applicable or no validation attempted 1 => validated, no change 2 => validated, changed	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 2	
ul_stn_corr_flag	222	Uplink station correction flag. Indicates the results of the validation of the uplink station. 0 => not applicable or no validation attempted 1 => validated, no change 2 => validated, changed	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 2	
reserve1	223	Reserved. One byte.	Unsigne d Integer –1	N/A	0	
reserve8	224	Reserved. Eight bytes.	Unsigne d Integer –8	N/A	0	

## 3.1.5.2.2 Downlink Sequential Ranging Phase CHDO (Data Type 3)

The Downlink Sequential Ranging Phase CHDO is defined in Table 3-14.

Table 3-14. Downlink Sequential Ranging Phase CHDO (Data Type 3) Definitions

Identifier	Byte	Item Name and	Format	Units/	Range	Notes
	Off-	Description		Precision		
	set					

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
chdo_type	0	Type attribute of the downlink sequential ranging phase data CHDO. CHDO contains binary data.	Unsigne d Integer -2	N/A	10	
chdo_length	2	Length attribute of the downlink sequential ranging phase data CHDO value field.  Number of bytes after this item.	Unsigne d Integer -2	bytes	174	
stn_cal	4	Station calibration value. (Two-way). Value includes the equipment in the path, but not the Z-height correction. (0.0 if not measured.)	IEEE Double	Range Units / 0.01 RU	0.0 to 1.8e5	24
dl_stn_cal	12	Downlink station calibration value. Value includes the downlink equipment in the path, but not the Z-height correction. (0.0 if not measured.)	IEEE Double	Range Units / 0.01 RU	0.0 to 1.8e5	10,24
dl_cal_freq	20	Downlink calibration frequency. Frequency the calibration was done at.	IEEE Double	Sky level Hz / 1 mHz	2.2e9 to 32.3e9	
cal_std_dev	28	Standard deviation of station calibration value. For stn_cal and dl_stn_cal.	IEEE Single	Range Units / 0.01 RU	0.0 to 1.8e5	24
cal_pts	32	Calibration points.  Number of measurements made in computing station calibration values (stn_cal, dl_stn_cal, and cal_std_dev).	Unsigne d Integer -2	N/A	0 to 65,535	
dl_rng_phs	34	Measured range phase. Range phase.	IEEE Double	Range Units / 0.01 RU	$0.0 \text{ to } 2^{30}$	11,24
figure_merit	42	Figure of Merit. Rating of the measured range value.	IEEE Single	Percentage / 0.1 percent	0.0 to 100.0	28

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Identifier	Byte Off-	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
	set	-				
mg_resid	46	Range residual.  Measured range minus predicted range.	IEEE Double	Range Units / 0.01 RU	$-2^{30}$ to $2^{30}$	29
drvid	54	DRVID. DRVID measured using phase data from carrier.	IEEE Double	Range Units / 0.01 RU	$-2^{30}$ to $2^{30}$	30, 81
rtlt	62	Round trip light time. Predicted value.	IEEE Single	Seconds / 0.1 sec	0.0 to 86,400.0	
pcn0	66	Pc/N0. Carrier power to noise spectral density ratio. Has a value of -300.0 if no signal.	IEEE Single	dB-Hz / 0.1 dB- Hz	0.0 to 90.0, -300.0	
pcn0_resid	70	Pc/N0 residual. Actual value minus predicted value.	IEEE Single	dB-Hz / 0.1 dB- Hz	-90.0 to 90.0	
pdn0	74	Pd/N0. Data power to noise spectral density ratio. Has a value of -300.0 if no signal.	IEEE Single	dB-Hz / 0.1 dB- Hz	0.0 to 90.0, -300.0	25
pdn0_resid	78	Pd/N0 residual. Actual value minus predicted value.	IEEE Single	dB-Hz / 0.1 dB- Hz	-90.0 to 90.0	
prn0	82	Pr/N0. Ranging power to noise spectral density ratio. Has a value of -300.0 if no signal.	IEEE Single	dB-Hz / 0.1 dB- Hz	-10.0 to 90.0, -300.0	
prn0_resid	86	Pr/N0 residual. Actual value minus predicted value.	IEEE Single	dB-Hz / 0.1 dB- Hz	-90.0 to 90.0	
system_noise_temp	90	System Noise Temperature.	IEEE Single	K (degrees Kelvin) / 0.1 K	0.1 to 2000.0	
carr_loop_type	94	Carrier loop type.	Unsigne d Integer –1	N/A	1 to 3	53
snt_flag	95	SNT measurement flag.  0 => SNT value is the predicted value  1 => SNT value is the measured value	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	0 or 1	

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
carr_resid_wt	96	Carrier residual weight. (Weight value applied to residual phase error in carrier tracking; suppressed carrier weight is 1.0 minus this value.)	IEEE Single	N/A	0.0 to 1.0	27
template_id	100	Template ID. Value is the file name of the ranging parameter file.	ASCII – 8	N/A	ASCII string	
invert	108	Invert. Inverted implies that the polarity of the correlation reference is the invert of what was transmitted.  0 => not inverted  1 => inverted	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 or 1	52
correl_type	109	Correlation type. 0 => squarewave 1 => sinewave	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 or 1	
t1	110	T1 setting.	Unsigne d Integer -2	Seconds / 1 sec	1 to 3600	12
t2	112	T2 setting.	Unsigne d Integer –2	Seconds / 1 sec	1 to 1800	13
t3	114	T3 setting.	Unsigne d Integer –2	Seconds / 1 sec	0 to 1800	14
first_comp_num	116	First component number.	Unsigne d Integer –1	N/A	1 to 24	15
last_comp_num	117	Last component number.	Unsigne d Integer	N/A	1 to 24	15
chop_comp_num	118	Chop component number. This is the component used to chop the other components.	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 10	15, 16
num_drvid	119	Number of DRVID measurements.	Unsigne d Integer –1	N/A	0 to 255	

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
rcv_inphs_time_year	120	Receive In-phase time – year. Year of the time of zero phase on downlink range signal correlation.	Unsigne d Integer -2	N/A	1958 to 3000	75
rcv_inphs_time_doy	122	Receive In-phase time – day of year.  Day of year of the time of zero phase on downlink range signal correlation.	Unsigne d Integer -2	N/A	1 to 366	75
rcv_inphs_time_sec	124	Receive In-phase time – seconds of day. Seconds of day of the time of zero phase on downlink range signal correlation.	IEEE Double	Seconds / 1 µsec	0.000000 to 86,400.9 99999	75
exc_scalar_num	132	Exciter Scalar Numerator. Numerator of multiplier that is used to generate ranging reference signal from uplink sky frequency.	Unsigne d Integer -4	N/A	1 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -1	17
exc_scalar_den	136	Exciter Scalar Denominator. Denominator of multiplier that is used to generate ranging reference signal from uplink sky frequency.	Unsigne d Integer -4	N/A	1 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -1	17
rng_cycle_time	140	Ranging cycle time. Time to complete one cycle of the ranging code.	IEEE Double	Seconds / 0.1 sec	4.0 to 504,536.0	18
inphs_correl	148	In phase correlation value. The in phase value of the clock component correlation.	IEEE Single	N/A	-1.000e8 to 1.000e8	
quad_phs_correl	152	Quadrature phase correlation value. The quadrature phase value of the clock component correlation.	IEEE Single	N/A	-1.000e8 to 1.000e8	

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
metrics_vld_flag	156	Metrics validity flag. Validity of the Range Residual (rng_resid) and DRVID (drvid) measurements. 0 => Invalid (No uplink data available) 1 => Invalid (Other reasons) 2 => Valid	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	0 to 2	70
correl_vld_flag	157	Correlation validity flag.  0 => Invalid  1 => Valid	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	0 or 1	56
rng_resid_tol_flag	158	Range residual tolerance flag. 0 => Out of tolerance 1 => In tolerance	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	0 or 1	63
drvid_tol_flag	159	DRVID tolerance flag.  0 => Out of tolerance  1 => In tolerance	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	0 or 1	64
prn0_resid_tol_fla g	160	Pr/N0 residual tolerance flag. 0 => Out of tolerance 1 => In tolerance	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	0 or 1	65
rng_sigma_tol_fla g	161	Range sigma tolerance flag.  0 => Out of tolerance  1 => In tolerance	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	0 or 1	66
rng_vld_flag	162	Range validity flag. 0 => Invalid 1 => Valid	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	0 or 1	67
rng_config_flag	163	Range configuration change flag. 0 => Changed 1 => Unchanged	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	0 or 1	68
rng_hw_flag	164	Ranging hardware status flag. 0 => Bad 1 => Good	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	0 or 1	
time_tag_corr_flag	165	Time tag correction flag. Indicates results of validation of the block time tag. 0 => no validation attempted 1 => validated, no change 2 => validated, changed	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 2	

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
type_time_corr_fla	166	Type of time tag correction flag. Indicates what type of time tag correction was made. 0 => no correction 1 => Year correction 2 => DOY correction 3 => Both Year and DOY correction	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 3	
dop_mode_corr_fl ag	167	Doppler mode correction flag. Indicates the results of the validation of the doppler mode.  0 => not applicable or no validation attempted 1 => validated, no change 2 => validated, changed	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 2	
ul_stn_corr_flag	168	Uplink station correction flag. Indicates the results of the validation of the uplink station.  0 => not applicable or no validation attempted  1 => validated, no change  2 => validated, changed	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 2	
chop_start_num	169	Chop Start. The first component chopped.	Unsigne d Integer –1	N/A	0 to 25	16
rng_meas_type	170	Range Measurement Type. Type of sequential measurement. 0 => ranging measurement 1 => calibration	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 or 1	

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Identifier	Byte Off-	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
	set	Description		Frecision		
stn_cal_corr_flag	171	Station calibration correction flag. Indicates result of validation of station calibration values. 0 => unable to correct 1 => validated, no change 2 => validated, changed ul_stn_cal 3 => validated, changed dl_stn_cal 4 => validated, changed both ul_stn_cal and dl_stn_cal 5 => validated, changed round-trip stn_cal	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 5	
reserve6	172	Reserved. Six bytes.	Unsigne d Integer –6	N/A	0	

#### 3.1.5.2.3 Downlink PN Ranging Phase CHDO (Data Type 5)

The Downlink PN Ranging Phase CHDO is defined in Table 3-15.

Table 3-15. Downlink PN Ranging Phase CHDO (Data Type 5) Definitions

Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precisio n	Range	Notes
chdo_type	0	Type attribute of the downlink PN ranging phase data CHDO. CHDO contains binary data.	Unsigned Integer –2	N/A	10	
chdo_length	2	Length attribute of the downlink PN ranging phase data CHDO value field. Number of bytes after this item.	Unsigned Integer –2	bytes	258	
stn_cal	4	Station calibration value. (Two-way) Value includes the equipment in the path, but not the Z-height correction. (0.0 if not measured.)	IEEE Double	Range Units / 0.01 RU	0.0 to 1.8e5	24

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precisio n	Range	Notes
dl_stn_cal	12	Downlink station calibration value. Value includes the downlink equipment in the path, but not the Z-height correction. (0.0 if not measured.)	IEEE Double	Range Units / 0.01 RU	0.0 to 1.8e5	10, 24
dl_cal_freq	20	Downlink calibration frequency. Frequency the calibration was done at.	IEEE Double	Sky level Hz / 1 mHz	2.2e9 to 32.3e9	
cal_std_dev	28	Standard deviation of station calibration value. For stn_cal and dl_stn_cal.	IEEE Single	Range Units / 0.01 RU	0.0 to 1.8e5	24
cal_pts	32	Calibration points.  Number of measurements made in computing station calibration values (stn_cal, dl_stn_cal, and cal_std_dev).	Unsigned Integer –2	N/A	0 to 65,535	
dl_rng_phs	34	Measured range phase. Range phase.	IEEE Double	Range Units / 0.01 RU	0.0 to 2 <sup>30</sup>	11, 24
figure_merit	42	Figure of Merit. Rating of the measured range value.	IEEE Single	Percentage / 0.1 percent	0.0 to 100.0	28
rng_resid	46	Range residual.  Measured range minus predicted range.	IEEE Double	Range Units / 0.01 RU	$-2^{30}$ to $2^{30}$	29
drvid	54	DRVID. DRVID measured using doppler data from carrier.	IEEE Double	Range Units / 0.01 RU	$-2^{30}$ to $2^{30}$	30
rtlt	62	Round trip light time. Predicted value.	IEEE Single	Seconds / 0.1 sec	0.0 to 86,400.	
pcn0	66	Pc/N0. Carrier power to noise spectral density ratio. Has a value of -300.0 if no signal.	IEEE Single	dB-Hz / 0.1 dB- Hz	0.0 to 90.0, -300.0	
pcn0_resid	70	Pc/N0 residual. Actual value minus predicted value.	IEEE Single	dB-Hz / 0.1 dB- Hz	-90.0 to 90.0	

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precisio n	Range	Notes
pdn0	74	Pd/N0. Data power to noise spectral density ratio. Has a value of -300.0 if no signal.	IEEE Single	dB-Hz / 0.1 dB- Hz	0.0 to 90.0, -300.0	25
pdn0_resid	78	Pd/N0 residual. Actual value minus predicted value.	IEEE Single	dB-Hz / 0.1 dB- Hz	-90.0 to 90.0	
prn0	82	Pr/N0. Ranging power to noise spectral density ratio. Has a value of -300.0 if no signal.	IEEE Single	dB-Hz / 0.1 dB- Hz	-10.0 to 90.0, -300.0	
prn0_resid	86	Pr/N0 residual. Actual value minus predicted value.	IEEE Single	dB-Hz / 0.1 dB- Hz	-90.0 to 90.0	
system_noise_tem p	90	System Noise Temperature.	IEEE Single	K (degrees Kelvin) / 0.1 K	0.1 to 2000.0	
state_subcode1	94	Subcode #1 code state. Position in the subcode at the time tag.	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	0 to 63	19
state_subcode2	95	Subcode #2 code state. Position in the subcode at the time tag.	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	0 to 63	19
state_subcode3	96	Subcode #3 code state. Position in the subcode at the time tag.	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	0 to 63	19
state_subcode4	97	Subcode #4 code state. Position in the subcode at the time tag.	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	0 to 63	19
state_subcode5	98	Subcode #5 code state. Position in the subcode at the time tag.	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	0 to 63	19
state_subcode6	99	Subcode #6 code state. Position in the subcode at the time tag.	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	0 to 63	19
pn_clk_phs	100	PN chip clock phase. Position in the chip at the time tag.	IEEE Double	Cycles / 1 μcycle	0.0 to 1.0	19
carr_loop_type	108	Carrier loop type.	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	1 to 3	53

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precisio n	Range	Notes
snt_flag	109	SNT measurement flag.  0 => SNT value is the predicted value  1 => SNT value is the measured value	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	0 or 1	
carr_resid_wt	110	Carrier residual weight. (Weight value applied to residual phase error in carrier tracking; suppressed carrier weight is 1.0 minus this value.)	IEEE Single	N/A	0.0 to 1.0	27
template_id	114	Template ID. Ranging configuration file ID, or the name of the PN pattern if configured by operator directive.	ASCII –20	N/A	ASCII string	
invert	134	Invert. Inverted implies that the polarity of the correlation reference is the invert of what was transmitted.  0 => not inverted  1 => inverted	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	0 or 1	52
correl_type	135	Correlation type. 0 => squarewave 1 => sinewave	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	0 or 1	
int_time	136	Integration time. Timethat the signal was integrated over.	Unsigned Integer –4	Seconds /1 second	1 to 2 <sup>32</sup>	
clk_divider	140	Clock divider.  Value that ranging reference frequency is divided by to get chip rate.	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	1 to 64	20
len_subcode1	141	Subcode #1 length. A value of 0 implies no subcode.	Unsigned Integer –1	Chips / 1 chip	0 to 64	21
len_subcode2	142	Subcode #2 length. A value of 0 implies no subcode.	Unsigned Integer –1	Chips / 1 chip	0 to 64	21
len_subcode3	143	Subcode #3 length. A value of 0 implies no subcode.	Unsigned Integer –1	Chips / 1 chip	0 to 64	21

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precisio n	Range	Notes
len_subcode4	144	Subcode #4 length. A value of 0 implies no subcode.	Unsigned Integer –1	Chips / 1 chip	0 to 64	21
len_subcode5	145	Subcode #5 length. A value of 0 implies no subcode.	Unsigned Integer –1	Chips / 1 chip	0 to 64	21
len_subcode6	146	Subcode #6 length. A value of 0 implies no subcode.	Unsigned Integer –1	Chips / 1 chip	0 to 64	21
op_subcode1	147	Operation #1. Logical operation between the accumulated pattern and the next subcode.  0 => AND 1 => OR 2 => XOR 3 => Majority Vote	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	0 to 3	
op_subcode2	148	Operation #2. (See Item op_subcode1)	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	0 to 3	
op_subcode3	149	Operation #3. (See Item op_subcode1)	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	0 to 3	
op_subcode4	150	Operation #4. (See Item op_subcode1)	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	0 to 3	
op_subcode5	151	Operation #5. (See Item op_subcode1)	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	0 to 3	
def_subcode1	152	Subcode #1 component value. Definition of the subcode.	Unsigned Integer –8	N/A	0 to 2 <sup>64</sup> -1	21
def_subcode2	160	Subcode #2 component value. Definition of the subcode.	Unsigned Integer –8	N/A	0 to 2 <sup>64</sup> -1	21
def_subcode3	168	Subcode #3 component value. Definition of the subcode.	Unsigned Integer –8	N/A	0 to 2 <sup>64</sup> -1	21
def_subcode4	176	Subcode #4 component value.  Definition of the subcode.	Unsigned Integer –8	N/A	0 to 2 <sup>64</sup> -1	21
def_subcode5	184	Subcode #5 component value.  Definition of the subcode.	Unsigned Integer –8	N/A	0 to 2 <sup>64</sup> -1	21
def_subcode6	192	Subcode #6 component value. Definition of the subcode.	Unsigned Integer –8	N/A	0 to 2 <sup>64</sup> -1	21

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precisio n	Range	Notes
pn_code_length	200	PN Code Length.	Unsigned Integer –4	PN chips / 1 chip	2 to 11,000, 000	22
rcv_inphs_time_year	204	Receive In-phase time – year. Year of the time of zero phase on downlink range signal correlation.	Unsigned Integer –2	N/A	1958 to 3000	75
rcv_inphs_time_doy	206	Receive In-phase time – day of year.  Day of year of the time of zero phase on downlink range signal correlation.	Unsigned Integer –2	N/A	1 to 366	75
rcv_inphs_time_sec	208	Receive In-phase time – seconds of day. Seconds of day of the time of zero phase on downlink range generation.	IEEE Double	Seconds / 1 µsec	0.0000 00 to 86,400. 999999	75
exc_scalar_num	216	Exciter Scalar Numerator.  Numerator of multiplier that is used to generate ranging reference signal from uplink sky frequency.	Unsigned Integer –4	N/A	1 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -1	17
exc_scalar_den	220	Exciter Scalar Denominator. Denominator of multiplier that is used to generate ranging reference signal from uplink sky frequency.	Unsigned Integer –4	N/A	1 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -1	17
rng_cycle_time	224	Ranging cycle time. Time to complete one cycle of ranging code.	IEEE Double	Range Units / 0.01 RU	0.0 to 1.0e9	23, 24
inphs_correl	232	In phase correlation value. The in phase value of the clock component correlation.	IEEE Single	N/A	- 1.000e8 to 1.000e8	
quad_phs_correl	236	Quadrature phase correlation value. The quadrature phase value of the clock component correlation.	IEEE Single	N/A	1.000e8 to 1.000e8	

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precisio n	Range	Notes
metrics_vld_flag	240	Metrics validity flag. Validity of the Range Residual (rng_resid) and DRVID (drvid) measurements. 0 => Invalid (No uplink data available) 1 => Invalid (Other reasons) 2 => Valid	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	0 to 2	70
correl_vld_flag	241	Correlation validity flag. 0 => Invalid 1 => Valid	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	0 or 1	56
rng_resid_tol_flag	242	Range residual tolerance flag. 0 => Out of tolerance 1 => In tolerance	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	0 or 1	63
drvid_tol_flag	243	DRVID tolerance flag. 0 => Out of tolerance 1 => In tolerance	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	0 or 1	64
prn0_resid_tol_fla g	244	Pr/N0 residual tolerance flag. 0 => Out of tolerance 1 => In tolerance	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	0 or 1	65
rng_sigma_tol_fla g	245	Range sigma tolerance flag.  0 => Out of tolerance  1 => In tolerance	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	0 or 1	66
rng_vld_flag	246	Range validity flag. 0 => Invalid 1 => Valid	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	0 or 1	67
rng_config_flag	247	Range configuration change flag. 0 => Changed 1 => Unchanged	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	0 or 1	68
rng_hw_flag	248	Ranging hardware status flag. 0 => Bad 1 => Good	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	0 or 1	
rng_meas_type	249	Range Measurement Type. Type of PN measurement. 0 => spacecraft measurement 1 => calibration	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	0 or 1	

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precisio n	Range	Notes
time_tag_corr_flag	250	Time tag correction flag. Indicates results of validation of the block time tag. 0 => no validation attempted 1 => validated, no change 2 => validated, changed	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	0 to 2	
type_time_corr_flag	251	Type of time tag correction flag. Indicates what type of time tag correction was made.  0 => no correction  1 => Year correction  2 => DOY correction  3 => Both Year and DOY correction	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	0 to 3	
dop_mode_corr_fl ag	252	Doppler mode correction flag. Indicates the results of the validation of the doppler mode.  0 => not applicable or no validation attempted  1 => validated, no change  2 => validated, changed	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	0 to 2	
ul_stn_corr_flag	253	Uplink station correction flag. Indicates the results of the validation of the uplink station.  0 => not applicable or novalidation attempted  1 => validated, no change  2 => validated, changed	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	0 to 2	

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precisio n	Range	Notes
stn_cal_corr_flag	254	Station calibration correction flag. Indicates result of validation of station calibration values. 0 => unable to correct 1 => validated, no change 2 => validated, changed ul_stn_cal 3 => validated, changed dl_stn_cal 4 => validated, changed both ul_stn_cal and dl_stn_cal 5 => validated, changed round-trip stn_cal	Unsigned Integer-1	N/A	0 to 5	
Reserve1	255	Reserved. One byte.	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	0	
Reserve6	256	Reserved. Six bytes.	Unsigned Integer-6	N/A	0	

#### 3.1.5.3 Derived Data CHDOs

There are seven derived data CHDOs: Doppler Count (data type 6), Sequential Range (data type 7), Angle (data type 8), DRVID (data type 11), PN Range (data type 14), Tone Range (data type 15), Carrier Frequency Observable (data type 16), and Total Count Phase Observable (data type 17). Their formats and contents are specified in sections 3.1.5.3.1 to 3.1.5.3.7

#### 3.1.5.3.1 Doppler Count CHDO (Data Type 6)

The Doppler Count CHDO is defined in Table 3-16. It is generated only for non-UPL-DTT antennas.

Table 3-16. Doppler Count CHDO (Data Type 6) Definitions

Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
chdo_type	0	Type attribute of the Doppler Count data CHDO. CHDO contains binary data.	Unsigne d Integer -2	N/A	10	

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
chdo_length	2	Length attribute of the Doppler Count data CHDO value field. Number of bytes after this item.	Unsigne d Integer -2	bytes	56	
ref_rcv_type	4	Reference receiver type. 0 => Unknown 2 => MFR	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 or 2	
reserve1a	5	Reserved. One byte.	Unsigne d Integer –1	N/A	0	
sampl_interval	6	Sample interval. Interval between points. Value of -1.0 indicates interval is unknown.	IEEE Single	Seconds / 0.1 second	-1.0, 1.0 to 60.0	84
rcv_sig_lvl	10	Received signal level. Carrier power or data power (if suppressed carrier tracking). (-300.0 if not valid.)	IEEE Single	dBm / 0.1 dBm	-300.0, -190.0 to – 45.0	58
ul_freq	14	Uplink frequency. Uplink frequency value used in the Doppler computation at time tag. Also called the Doppler Reference Frequency.	IEEE Double	Hz / 1 mHz	2.0e9 to 34.7e9	34
dop_cnt_bias _freq	22	Doppler count bias frequency. Bias value used in Doppler Count measurement.	IEEE Double	Hz / 1 mHz	-10.0e6 to 10.0e6	34
dop_cnt	30	Doppler Count.	IEEE Double	cycles / 1 mcycle	0.000 to 2 <sup>42</sup> / 1000	34
dop_pseudo_re sid	38	Doppler Pseudo Residual. Actual minus predicted value.	IEEE Double	Hz / 1 mHz	-2 <sup>28</sup> / 1000 to 2 <sup>28</sup> / 1000	
time_tag_corr_ flag	46	Time tag correction flag. Indicates the results of validation of the block time tag. 0 => no validation attempted 1 => validated, no change 2 => validated, changed	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 2	

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
type_time_corr _flag	47	Type of time tag correction flag. Indicates what type of time tag correction was made.  0 => no correction  1 => Year correction  2 => DOY correction  3 => Both Year and DOY correction	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 3	
dop_mode_corr _flag	48	Doppler mode correction flag. Indicates the results of validation of the Doppler mode. 0 => not applicable or no validation attempted 1 => validated, no change 2 => validated, changed	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 2	
ul_stn_corr_fla g	49	Uplink station correction flag. Indicates the results of validation of the uplink station. 0 => not applicable or no validation attempted 1 => validated, no change 2 => validated, changed	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 2	
dl_band_corr_f lag	50	Downlink frequency band correction flag. Indicates the results of validation of downlink band for the 26m stations only. 0 => not applicable or no validation attempted 1 => validated, no change 2 => validated, changed	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 2	
dop_vld_flag	51	Doppler Validity Flag. 0 => Valid 1 => Invalid.	Unsigne d Integer –1	N/A	0 or 1	89
reserve8	52	Reserved. Eight bytes.	Unsigne d Integer –8	N/A	0	

## 3.1.5.3.2 Sequential Range CHDO (Data Type 7)

The Sequential Range CHDO is defined in Table 3-17.

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Table 3-17. Sequential Range CHDO (Data Type 7) Definitions

Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
chdo_type	0	Type attribute of the range data CHDO. CHDO contains binary data.	Unsigne d Integer -2	N/A	10	
chdo_length	2	Length attribute of the range data CHDO value field. Number of bytes after this item.	Unsigne d Integer -2	bytes	186	
ul_stn_cal	4	Uplink station calibration value. Invalid indicated by value of – 1.0.	IEEE Double	Range Units / 0.01 RU	-1.0, 0.0 to 1.8e5	24, 40
dl_stn_cal	12	Downlink station calibration value. Invalid indicated by value of -1.0.	IEEE Double	Range Units / 0.01 RU	-1.0, 0.0 to 1.8e5	24, 41
meas_rng	20	Measured range value.  Does not include compensation for station calibration and other adjustments. Invalid is indicated by value of -1.0.	IEEE Double	Range Units, modulo rng_mod ulo / 0.01 RU	-1.0, 0.0 to 2 <sup>30</sup>	24, 38
rng_obs	28	Range observable. Includes all measurement adjustments (station calibration, time tag adjustments, spacecraft delay, and Z-height). Invalid is indicated by value of -1.0.	IEEE Double	Range Units, modulo rng_modulo / 0.01 RU	-1.0, 0.0 to 2 <sup>30</sup>	24, 39
rng_obs_dl	36	Downlink range observable. Includes all measurement adjustments (station calibration, time tag adjustments, spacecraft delay, and Z-height). A value of -1.0 indicates invalid.	IEEE Double	Range Units, modulo rng_modulo / 0.01 RU	-1.0, 0.0 to 2 <sup>30</sup>	24, 76
clock_waveform	44	Uplink clock waveform type.  0 => squarewave  1 => sinewave	Unsigne d Integer	N/A	0 or 1	
chop_start_num	45	Chop Start. The first component chopped.	Unsigne d Integer –1	N/A	0 to 25	16

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
figure_merit	46	Figure of Merit. Rating of the measured range value.	IEEE Single	Percentage / 0.1 percent	0.0 to 100.0	28
drvid	50	DRVID. DRVID measured using phase data from carrier.	IEEE Double	Range Units / 0.01 RU	$-2^{30}$ to $2^{30}$	24, 30
rtlt	58	Round trip light time. Predicted value.	IEEE Single	Seconds / 0.1 sec	0.0 to 86,400.0	
prn0	62	Pr/N0. Ranging power to noise spectral density ratio.	IEEE Single	dB-Hz / 0.1 dB- Hz	-10.0 to 90.0	
transmit_pwr	66	Transmitter power.	IEEE Single	W / 0.1 W	0.0 to 500,000.	
invert	70	Invert. Inverted implies that the polarity of the correlation reference is the invert of what was transmitted.  0 => not inverted  1 => inverted	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 or 1	
correl_type	71	Correlation type. 0 => squarewave 1 => sinewave	Unsigne d Integer	N/A	0 or 1	
t1	72	T1 setting.	Unsigne d Integer -2	Seconds / 1 sec	1 to 3600	12
t2	74	T2 setting.	Unsigne d Integer –2	Seconds / 1 sec	1 to 1800	13
t3	76	T3 setting.	Unsigne d Integer –2	Seconds / 1 sec	0 to 1800	14
first_comp_num	78	First component number.	Unsigne d Integer –1	N/A	1 to 24	15
last_comp_num	79	Last component number.	Unsigne d Integer –1	N/A	1 to 24	15
chop_comp_num	80	Chop component number. This is the component used to chop the other components.	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 10	15, 16

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
num_drvid	81	Number of DRVID measurements.	Unsigne d Integer –1	N/A	0 to 255	
transmit_inphs _time	82	Transmit In-phase time. Offset from time tag of time of zero phase on uplink range signal generation.	IEEE Single	Seconds / 1 µsec	-86,400. 000000 to 86,400.0 00000	59
rcv_inphs_time	86	Receive In-phase time. Offset from time tag of time of zero phase on downlink range signal correlation.	IEEE Single	Seconds / 1 µsec	-86,400. 000000 to 86,400.0 00000	59
carr_sup_rng _modul	90	Carrier suppression by ranging modulation. Amount carrier power is reduced by ranging modulation.	IEEE Single	dB / 0.1 dB	0.0 to 15.0	
exc_scalar_num	94	Exciter Scalar Numerator.  Numerator of multiplier that is used to generate ranging reference signal from uplink sky frequency.	Unsigne d Integer -4	N/A	1 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -	17
exc_scalar_den	98	Exciter Scalar Denominator. Denominator of multiplier that is used to generate ranging reference signal from uplink sky frequency.	Unsigne d Integer -4	N/A	1 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -	17
rng_cycle_time	102	Range cycle time. Time, in seconds, of one complete cycle of the ranging signal.	IEEE Double	Seconds / 0.1 sec	4.0 to 504,536.	18
rng_modulo	110	Range modulo value. Range measurement modulo (ambiguity).	Unsigned Integer –4	Range Units / 1 RU	1 to 2 <sup>30</sup>	37
inphs_correl	114	In phase correlation value. The in phase value of the clock component correlation.	IEEE Single	N/A	-1.000e8 to 1.000e8	
quad_phs_correl	118	Quadrature phase correlation value. The quadrature phase value of the clock component correlation.	IEEE Single	N/A	-1.000e8 to 1.000e8	

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
ul_freq	122	Uplink frequency. Uplink frequency at time tag. Set to 0.0 if unavailable.	IEEE Double	Hz / 1 mHz	0.0, 2.0e9 to 34.4e9	42
rng_type	130	Range measurement type. Type of sequential measurement. 0 => Ranging measurement 1 => Calibration	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	0 or 1	
reserve1a	131	Reserved. One byte.	Unsigne d Integer –1	N/A	0	
rng_noise	132	Range noise. Invalid indicated by value of -1.0.	IEEE Single	Range Units / 0.01 RU	-1.0, 0.0 to 2 <sup>30</sup>	43
rng_prefit_resid	136	Range pre-fit residual. Observed range minus predicted range.	IEEE Double	Range Units / 0.01 RU	$-2^{30}$ to $2^{30}$	24, 29, 86
rng_dl_prefit_resi d	144	Downlink range pre-fit residual. Observed range minus predicted range.	IEEE Double	Range Units / 0.01 RU	$-2^{30}$ to $2^{30}$	24, 29, 86
rng_prefit_resid_v ld_flag	152	Range pre-fit residual validity indicator. 0 => Invalid pre-fit residual data 1 => Valid pre-fit residual data	Unsigne d Integer- 1	N/A	0 or 1	86
rng_dl_prefit_resi d_vld_flag	153	Downlink range pre-fit residual validity indicator. 0 => Invalid pre-fit residual data 1 => Valid pre-fit residual data	Unsigned Integer-1	N/A	0 or 1	86

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Identifier	Byte Off-	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
	set					
rng_resid_tol_valu e	154	Range residual tolerance value.  Value used for setting Range residual tolerance flag.  Provided by customer.  Applies to both rng_prefit_resid and rng_dl_prefit_resid; not applicable if rng_prefit_resid_vld_flag and rng_dl_prefit_resid_vld_flag are 0.	IEEE Single	Range Units / 0.01 RU	-2 <sup>30</sup> to 2 <sup>30</sup>	24, 63
drvid_tol_value	158	DRVID tolerance value. Value used for setting DRVID tolerance flag. Provided by customer.	IEEE Single	Range Units / 0.01 RU	$-2^{30}$ to $2^{30}$	24, 64
prn0_resid_tol_val ue	162	Pr/N0 residual tolerance value.  Value used for setting Pr/N0 residual tolerance flag.  Provided by customer.	IEEE Single	dB-Hz / 0.1 dB- Hz	-10.0 to 90.0	65
rng_sigma_tol_val ue	166	Range sigma tolerance value.  Value used for setting Range sigma tolerance flag.  Provided by customer. Not applicable if rng_noise is - 1.0.	IEEE Single	Range Units / 0.01 RU	0.0 to 2 <sup>30</sup>	43, 66
fom_tol_value	170	Figure of Merit tolerance value. Value used in setting of Range Validity flag. Provided by customer.	IEEE Single	Percentage / 0.1 percent	0.0 to 100.0	28
rng_resid_tol_flag	174	Range residual tolerance flag. Not applicable if rng_prefit_resid_vld_flag and rng_dl_prefit_resid_vld_flag are 0. 0 => Out of tolerance 1 => In tolerance	Unsigned Integer-1	N/A	0 or 1	63

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
drvid_tol_flag	175	DRVID tolerance flag. 0 => Out of tolerance 1 => In tolerance	Unsigned Integer-1	N/A	0 or 1	64
prn0_resid_tol_fla g	176	Pr/N0 residual tolerance flag. 0 => Out of tolerance 1 => In tolerance	Unsigned Integer-1	N/A	0 or 1	65
rng_sigma_tol_fla g	177	Range sigma tolerance flag.  Not applicable if rng_noise is set to -1.0.  0 => Out of tolerance  1 => In tolerance	Unsigned Integer-1	N/A	0 or 1	66
rng_vld_flag	178	Range validity flag. 0 => Invalid 1 => Valid	Unsigned Integer-1	N/A	0 or 1	67
rng_config_flag	179	Range configuration change flag. 0 => Changed 1 => Unchanged	Unsigned Integer-1	N/A	0 or 1	68
stn_cal_corr_flag	180	Station calibration correction flag. Indicates results of validation of the station calibration value. 0 => unable to correct 1 => validated, no change 2 => validated, changed uplink 3 => validated, changed downlink 4 => validated, changed both uplink and downlink	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 4	
rng_chan_num	181	Ranging channel number. Only provided by 26m antennas.	Unsigne d Integer –1	N/A	1 or 2	
time_tag_corr_flag	182	Time tag correction flag. Indicates the results of validation of the block time tag.  0 => no validation attempted 1 => validated, no change 2 => validated, changed	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 2	

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
type_time_corr_fla	183	Type of time tag correction flag. Indicates what type of time tag correction was made.  0 => no correction  1 => Year correction  2 => DOY correction  3 => Both Year and DOY correction	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 3	
reserve6	184	Reserved. Six bytes.	Unsigne d Integer –6	N/A	0	

### 3.1.5.3.3 Angle CHDO (Data Type 8)

The Angle CHDO is defined in Table 3-18. The Angle CHDO applies only to the 26m antennas.

Table 3-18. Angle CHDO (Data Type 8) Definitions

Identifier	Byte	Item Name and	Format	Units/	Range	Notes
	Off-	Description		Precision		
	set					
chdo_type	0	Type attribute of the angle	Unsigne	N/A	10	
		data CHDO.	d Integer			
		CHDO contains binary data.	-2			
chdo_length	2	Length attribute of the angle	Unsigne	bytes	34	
		data CHDO value field.	d Integer			
		Number of bytes after this	-2			
		item.				
source_type	4	Source type.	Unsigne	N/A	0 or 2	
		0 => unknown	d Integer			
		$2 \Rightarrow$ MPA (26m), or MTA	-1			
ang_type	5	Angles Type.	Unsigned	N/A	0 to 4	
		$0 \Rightarrow Unknown$	Integer –1			
		1 => Azimuth / Elevation				
		2 => Hour angle /				
		Declination				
		$3 \Rightarrow X/Y$ (where +X is				
		East)				
		$4 \Rightarrow X/Y$ (where +X is				
		South)				

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Identifier	Byte Off-	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
	set					
ang_vld_flag	6	Angles validity flag.  0 => Invalid  1 => Valid	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 or 1	57
ang_mode	7	Angle Mode.  0 => Auto Track  1 => Manual Aided  2 => Computer  3 => Sidereal  4 => Brake	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 4	
conscan_mode	8	Conscan Mode.  0 => Conscan off  1 => Closed loop  2 => Open loop	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 2	
reserve1	9	Reserved. One byte.	Unsigne d Integer –1	N/A	0	
ang1	10	Angle 1. Azimuth, hour angle, or X.	IEEE Single	Deg / 0.1 deg	-90.0 to 90.0	
ang2	14	Angle 2. Elevation, declination, or Y.	IEEE Single	Deg / 0.1 deg	-90.0 to 90.0	
ang1_pseudo _resid	18	Angle 1 pseudo-residual. Actual minus predicted.	IEEE Single	Deg / 0.1 deg	-90.0 to 90.0	
ang2_pseudo _resid	22	Angle 2 pseudo-residual. Actual minus predicted.	IEEE Single	Deg / 0.1 deg	-90.0 to 90.0	
time_tag_corr_flag	26	Time tag correction flag. Indicates the results of validation of the block time tag.  0 => no validation attempted 1 => validated, no change 2 => validated, changed	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 2	
type_time_corr_fla	27	Type of time tag correction flag. Indicates what type of time tag correction was made.  0 => no correction  1 => Year correction  2 => DOY correction  3 => Both Year and DOY correction	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 3	

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
reserve2	28	Reserved. Two bytes.	Unsigne d Integer -2	N/A	0	
reserve8	30	Reserved. Eight bytes.	Unsigne d Integer -8	N/A	0	

#### 3.1.5.3.4 DRVID CHDO (Data Type 11)

The DRVID CHDO is generated for sequential and PN ranging (not tone ranging) from UPL-DTT antennas and is defined in Table 3-19.

Table 3-19. DRVID CHDO (Data Type 11) Definitions

Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
chdo_type	0	Type attribute of the DRVID data CHDO. CHDO contains binary data.	Unsigne d Integer –2	N/A	10	
chdo_length	2	Length attribute of the DRVID data CHDO value field. Number of bytes after this item.	Unsigne d Integer -2	bytes	38	
drvid_type	4	DRVID type.  0 => Unknown  1 => Sequential  2 => PN	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 2	
drvid_pts	5	DRVID points.	Unsigne d Integer –1	N/A	0 to 255	
drvid	6	DRVID measurement.	IEEE Double	Range Units / 0.01 RU	$-2^{30}$ to $2^{30}$	24, 30, 79
prn0	14	<i>Pr/N0</i> .	IEEE Single	dB-Hz / 0.1 dB- Hz	-10.0 to 90.0	
drvid_noise	18	DRVID noise. Invalid indicated by value of -1.0.	IEEE Single	Range Units / 0.01 RU	-1.0, 0.0 to 2 <sup>30</sup>	24, 44

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
drvid_tol_value	22	DRVID tolerance value. Value used for setting DRVID tolerance flag. Provided by customer.	IEEE Single	Range Units / 0.01 RU	$-2^{30}$ to $2^{30}$	24, 64
prn0_resid_tol_val ue	26	Pr/N0 residual tolerance value. Value used for setting Pr/N0 residual tolerance flag. Provided by customer.	IEEE Single	dB-Hz / 0.1 dB- Hz	-10.0 to 90.0	65
reserve1	30	Reserved. One byte.	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0	
drvid_tol_flag	31	DRVID tolerance flag.  0 => Out of Tolerance  1 => In tolerance	Unsigne d Integer-1	N/A	0 or 1	64
prn0_resid_tol_fla g	32	Pr/N0 residual tolerance flag. 0 => Out of tolerance 1 => In tolerance	Unsigne d Integer-1	N/A	0 or 1	65
drvid_noise_pts	33	DRVID noise points. Number of points used in DRVID noise computation.	Unsigne d Integer –1	N/A	0 to 200	
reserve8	34	Reserved. Eight bytes.	Unsigne d Integer –8	N/A	0	

## 3.1.5.3.5 PN Range CHDO (Data Type 14)

The PN Range CHDO is defined in Table 3-20.

Table 3-20. PN Range CHDO (Data Type 14) Definitions

Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
chdo_type	0	Type attribute of the PN	Unsigne	N/A	10	
		range data CHDO.	d Integer			
		CHDO contains binary data.	-2			

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
chdo_length	2	Length attribute of the PN range data CHDO value field. Number of bytes after this item.	Unsigne d Integer -2	bytes	204	
ul_stn_cal	4	Uplink station calibration value. Invalid indicated by value of -1.0.	IEEE Double	Range Units / 0.01 RU	-1.0, 0.0 to 1.8e5	24, 40
dl_stn_cal	12	Downlink station calibration value. Invalid indicated by value of -1.0.	IEEE Double	Range Units / 0.01 RU	-1.0, 0.0 to 1.8e5	24, 41
meas_rng	20	Measured range value. Does not include compensation for station calibration and other adjustments. Invalid is indicated by value of -1.0.	IEEE Double	Range Units, modulo rng_modulo / 0.01 RU	-1.0, 0.0 to 2 <sup>30</sup>	24, 45, 46
rng_obs_dl	28	Downlink range observable. Includes measurement adjustments (station calibration, time tag offsets, spacecraft delay, and Z- height). Invalid is indicated by value of -1.0.	IEEE Double	Range Units, modulo rng_modulo / 0.01 RU	-1.0, 0.0 to 2 <sup>30</sup>	24, 76
figure_merit	36	Figure of Merit. Rating of the measured range value.	IEEE Single	Percentage / 0.1 percent	0.0 to 100.0	28
drvid	40	DRVID. DRVID measured using doppler data from carrier	IEEE Double	Range Units / 0.01 RU	$-2^{30}$ to $2^{30}$	30, 24, 79
rtlt	48	Round trip light time. Predicted value.	IEEE Single	Seconds / 0.1 sec	0.0 to 86,400.0	
prn0	52	<i>Pr/N0.</i> Ranging power to noise spectral density ratio.	IEEE Single	dB-Hz / 0.1 dB- Hz	-10.0 to 90.0	
transmit_pwr	56	Transmitter power.	IEEE Single	W / 0.1 W	0.0 to 500,000.0	

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
invert	60	Invert. Inverted implies that the polarity of the correlation reference is the invert of what was transmitted.  0 => not inverted  1 => inverted	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 or 1	52
correl_type	61	Correlation type. 0 => squarewave 1 => sinewave	Unsigne d Integer –1	N/A	0 or 1	
clk_divider	62	Clock divider. Value that ranging reference frequency is divided by to get chip rate.	Unsigne d Integer –1	N/A	1 to 64	20
len_subcode1	63	Subcode #1 length. A value of 0 implies no subcode.	Unsigne d Integer -1	Chips / 1 chip	0 to 64	21
len_subcode2	64	Subcode #2 length. A value of 0 implies no subcode.	Unsigne d Integer –1	Chips / 1 chip	0 to 64	21
len_subcode3	65	Subcode #3 length. A value of 0 implies no subcode.	Unsigne d Integer –1	Chips / 1 chip	0 to 64	21
len_subcode4	66	Subcode #4 length. A value of 0 implies no subcode.	Unsigne d Integer -1	Chips / 1 chip	0 to 64	21
len_subcode5	67	Subcode #5 length. A value of 0 implies no subcode.	Unsigne d Integer –1	Chips / 1 chip	0 to 64	21
len_subcode6	68	Subcode #6 length. A value of 0 implies no subcode.	Unsigne d Integer –1	Chips / 1 chip	0 to 64	21
op_subcode1	69	Operation #1. Logical operation between the accumulated pattern and the next subcode.  0 => AND 1 => OR 2 => XOR 3 => Majority Vote	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 3	
op_subcode2	70	Operation #2. (See Item op_subcode1)	Unsigne d Integer –1	N/A	0 to 3	

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
op_subcode3	71	Operation #3. (See Item op_subcode1)	Unsigne d Integer –1	N/A	0 to 3	
op_subcode4	72	Operation #4. (See Item op_subcode1)	Unsigne d Integer –1	N/A	0 to 3	
op_subcode5	73	Operation #5. (See Item op_subcode1)	Unsigne d Integer –1	N/A	0 to 3	
def_subcode1	74	Subcode #1 component value.  Definition of the subcode.	Unsigne d Integer –8	N/A	0 to 2 <sup>64</sup> -1	21
def_subcode2	82	Subcode #2 component value.  Definition of the subcode.	Unsigne d Integer –8	N/A	0 to 2 <sup>64</sup> -1	21
def_subcode3	90	Subcode #3 component value. Definition of the subcode.	Unsigne d Integer –8	N/A	0 to 2 <sup>64</sup> -1	21
def_subcode4	98	Subcode #4 component value. Definition of the subcode.	Unsigne d Integer -8	N/A	0 to 2 <sup>64</sup> -1	21
def_subcode5	106	Subcode #5 component value. Definition of the subcode.	Unsigne d Integer –8	N/A	0 to 2 <sup>64</sup> -1	21
def_subcode6	114	Subcode #6 component value.  Definition of the subcode.	Unsigne d Integer –8	N/A	0 to 2 <sup>64</sup> -1	21
pn_code_length	122	PN Code Length.	Unsigne d Integer -4	PN chips	2 to 11,000,00 0	22
transmit_inphs_ti me	126	Transmit In-phase time. Offset from time tag of time of zero phase on uplink range signal generation.	IEEE Single	Seconds / 1 µsec	-86,400.00 0000 to 86,400.00 0000	59
rcv_inphs_time	130	Receive In-phase time. Offset from time tag of time of zero phase on downlink range signal correlation.	IEEE Single	Seconds / 1 µsec	-86,400.00 0000 to 86,400.00 0000	59
carr_sup_rng _modul	134	Carrier suppression by ranging modulation. Reduction in carrier power due to ranging modulation.	IEEE Single	dB / 0.1 dB	0.0 to 15.0	

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
exc_scalar_num	138	Exciter Scalar Numerator. Numerator of multiplier that is used to generate ranging reference signal from uplink sky frequency.	Unsigne d Integer -4	N/A	1 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -1	17
exc_scalar_den	142	Exciter Scalar Denominator. Denominator of multiplier that is used to generate ranging reference signal from uplink sky frequency.	Unsigne d Integer -4	N/A	1 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -1	17
rng_cycle_time	146	Range cycle time. Time, in Range Units, of one complete cycle of the ranging signal.	IEEE Double	Range Units / 0.01 RU	0.0 to 1.0e9	23, 24
rng_modulo	154	Range modulo value. Range measurement modulo (ambiguity).	Unsigned Integer –4	Range Units / 1 RU	0 to 2 <sup>30</sup>	45
rng_type	158	Range measurement type. Type of PN measurement. 0 => measurement 1 => calibration	Unsigne d-1	N/A	0 or 1	
reserve1a	159	Reserved. One byte.	Unsigne d-1	N/A	0	
rng_noise	160	Range noise. Invalid indicated by value of -1.0.	IEEE Single	Range Units / 0.01 RU	-1.0, 0.0 to 2 <sup>30</sup>	43
rng_dl_prefit_resi d	164	Downlink range pre-fit residual. Observed range minus predicted range.	IEEE Double	Range Units / 0.01 RU	$-2^{30}$ to $2^{30}$	24, 29, 86
rng_dl_prefit_resi d_vld_flag	172	Downlink range pre-fit residual validity indicator. 0 => Invalid pre-fit residual data 1 => Valid pre-fit residual data	Unsigne d Integer-	N/A	0 or 1	86
clock_waveform	173	Uplink clock waveform type.  0 => squarewave  1 => sinewave	Unsigne d Integer	N/A	0 or 1	

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
rng_resid_tol_valu e	174	Range residual tolerance value.  Value used for setting Range residual tolerance flag. Provided by customer. Applies to rng_dl_prefit_resid; not applicable if rng_dl_prefit_resid_vld_fla g is 0.	IEEE Single	Range Units / 0.01 RU	-2 <sup>30</sup> to 2 <sup>30</sup>	24, 63
drvid_tol_value	178	DRVID tolerance value. Value used for setting DRVID tolerance flag. Provided by customer.	IEEE Single	Range Units / 0.01 RU	$-2^{30}$ to $2^{30}$	24, 64
prn0_resid_tol_val ue	182	Pr/N0 residual tolerance value. Value used for setting Pr/N0 residual tolerance flag. Provided by customer.	IEEE Single	dB-Hz / 0.1 dB- Hz	-10.0 to 90.0	65
rng_sigma_tol_val ue	186	Range sigma tolerance value.  Value used for setting Range sigma tolerance flag. Provided by customer. Not applicable if rng_noise is set to -1.0.	IEEE Single	Range Units / 0.01 RU	0.0 to 2 <sup>30</sup>	43, 66
fom_tol_value	190	Figure of Merit tolerance value. Value used in setting of Range Validity flag. Provided by customer.	IEEE Single	Percentage / 0.1 percent	0.0 to 100.0	28
rng_resid_tol_flag	194	Range residual tolerance flag. Not applicable if rng_dl_prefit_resid_vld_flag is 0. 0 => Out of tolerance 1 => In tolerance	Unsigned Integer-1	N/A	0 or 1	63
drvid_tol_flag	195	DRVID tolerance flag. 0 => Out of tolerance 1 => In tolerance	Unsigned Integer-1	N/A	0 or 1	64

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
prn0_resid_tol_fla g	196	Pr/N0 residual tolerance flag. 0 => Out of tolerance 1 => In tolerance	Unsigned Integer-1	N/A	0 or 1	65
rng_sigma_tol_fla g	197	Range sigma tolerance flag. Not applicable if rng_noise is set to -1.0. 0 => Out of tolerance 1 => In tolerance	Unsigned Integer-1	N/A	0 or 1	66
rng_vld_flag	198	Range validity flag. 0 => Invalid 1 => Valid	Unsigned Integer-1	N/A	0 or 1	67
mg_config_flag	199	Range configuration change flag. 0 => Changed 1 => Unchanged	Unsigned Integer-1	N/A	0 or 1	68
stn_cal_corr_flag	200	Station calibration correction flag. Indicates results of validation of the station calibration value. 0 => unable to correct 1 => validated, no change 2 => validated, changed uplink 3 => validated, changed downlink 4 => validated, changed both uplink and downlink	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 4	
reserve1b	201	Reserved. One byte.	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0	
Reserve6	202	Reserved. Six bytes.	Unsigne d Integer-6	N/A	0	

# 3.1.5.3.6 Tone Range CHDO (Data Type 15)

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The Tone Range CHDO is defined in Table 3-21. The Tone Range CHDO applies only to the non-UPL-DTT antennas.

Table 3-21. Tone Range CHDO (Data Type 15) Definitions

Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
chdo_type	0	Type attribute of the tone range data CHDO. CHDO contains binary data.	Unsigne d Integer -2	N/A	10	
chdo_length	2	Length attribute of the tone range data CHDO value field. Number of bytes after this item.	Unsigne d Integer -2	bytes	50	
source_type	4	Source type. 0 => Unknown 2 => MPA (26m), MTA	Unsigne d Integer –1	N/A	0 or 2	
mjr_tone_freq	5	Major tone frequency. 0 => Not used 1 => 20 kHz 2 => 100 kHz 3 => 500 kHz	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 3	
mnr_tone_freq	6	Minor tone frequency. 0 => not used 1 => 10 Hz	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 or 1	
rng_prefit_resid_v ld_flag	7	Tone range pre-fit residual validity indicator.  0 => Invalid pre-fit residual data  1 => Valid pre-fit residual data	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 or 1	86
meas_rng	8	Measured range value. Range as reported by the station; includes corrections for Z-height and station calibration	IEEE Double	nsec, modulo 2 <sup>32</sup> / 0.1 nsec	0 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -	72
rng_obs	16	Range observable. Includes measurement adjustments (station calibration, spacecraft delay, and Z-height). Invalid is indicated by value of -1.0.	IEEE Double	nsec, modulo 2 <sup>32</sup> / 0.1 nsec	-1.0, 0 to 2 <sup>32</sup> - 1	72

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
stn_cal	24	Station calibration.  Not currently reported by station; value set to 0.0.	IEEE Double	nsec / 0.1 nsec	0.0 to 1.8e5	72
carr_pwr	32	Carrier power.	IEEE Single	dBm / 0.1 dBm	-185.0 to -85.0	
rng_prefit _resid	36	Tone Range pre-fit residual. Observed range minus predicted range.	IEEE Double	nsec / 0.1 nsec	$-2^{27}$ to $2^{27}$	86
ul_freq	44	Uplink frequency. Uplink frequency value also called Doppler Reference Frequency.	IEEE Double	Hz / 1 mHz	2.0e9 to 34.7e9	34
time_tag_corr_flag	52	Time tag correction flag. Indicates the results of validation of the block time tag. 0 => no validation attempted 1 => validated, no change 2 => validated, changed	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 2	
type_time_corr_fla	53	Type of time tag correction flag. Indicates what type of time tag correction was made.  0 => no correction  1 => Year correction  2 => DOY correction  3 => Both Year and DOY correction	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 3	

### 3.1.5.3.7 Carrier Frequency Observable CHDO (Data Type 16)

The Carrier Frequency Observable CHDO is defined in Table 3-22.

Table 3-22. Carrier Frequency Observables CHDO (Data Type 16) Definitions

Identifier	Byte Off-	Item Name and	Format	Units/	Range	Notes
	set	Description		Precision		
chdo_type	0	Type attribute of the	Unsigne	N/A	10	
		Carrier Frequency	d Integer			
		Observables data CHDO.	-2			
		CHDO contains binary				
		data.				

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
chdo_length	2	Length attribute of the Carrier Frequency Observables data CHDO value field. Number of bytes after this item.	Unsigne d Integer –2	Bytes	38 + 18 * num_ob s	
ref_rcv_type	4	Reference receiver type.  0 => Unknown  1 => DTT  2 => MFR	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 2	
reserve1	5	Reserved. One byte.	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0	
carr_prefit_resid_ tol_value	6	Received carrier pre-fit residual tolerance value. Value used for setting received carrier pre-fit residual tolerance flag. Provided by customer.	IEEE Single	Hz / 1 mHz	-1.0e6 to 1.0e6	62
reserve2	10	Reserved. Two bytes.	Unsigne d Integer -2	N/A	0	
dop_noise	12	Doppler noise. Invalid indicated by value of -1.0.	IEEE Single	Hz / 1 mHz	-1.0, 0.0 to 1000.0	26
delta_ff	16	Delta-f/f. Valid only for UPL-DTT antennas.	IEEE Double	N/A	-1.0 to 1.0	32
rcv_sig_lvl	24	Received signal level. Carrier power or data power (if suppressed carrier tracking). (-300.0 if not valid.)	IEEE Single	dBm / 0.1 dBm	-300.0, -190.0 to -45.0	58
num_obs	28	Number of Observable measurements.	Unsigne d Integer -2	N/A	1 to 100	33
obs_cnt_time	30	Observable count time. Integration time of the observables.	IEEE single	seconds / 0.1 sec	0.1 to 3600.0	33

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
rcv_carr_obs	34, 52, , 34 + 18 * (num_ob s - 1)	Received Carrier observable. This measurement is part of a set of measurements that are repeated num_obs times.	IEEE Double	Sky level Hz / 1 mHz	-32.3e9 to -2.0e9	35
carr_prefit_resid	42, 60, , 42 + 18 * (num_ob s - 1)	Received carrier pre-fit residual. Observed minus predicted.	IEEE Single	Hz / 1 mHz	-1.0e6 to 1.0e6	86
carr_prefit_resid_ vld_flag	46, 64, , 46 + 18 * (num_ob s - 1)	Received carrier pre-fit residual validity indicator. 0 => Invalid pre-fit residual data 1 => Valid pre-fit residual data	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 or 1	86
carr_prefit_resid_ tol_flag	47, 65, , 47 + 18 * (num_ob s - 1)	Received carrier pre-fit residual tolerance flag. 0 => Out of tolerance 1 => In tolerance 2 => Not applicable	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 2	62, 86
reserve4	48, 66, , 48 + 18 * (num_ob s - 1)	Reserved. Four bytes.	Unsigne d Integer -4	N/A	0	
reserve8	34 + 18 * num_obs	Reserved. Eight bytes.	Unsigne d Integer -8	N/A	0	

### 3.1.5.3.8 Total Count Phase Observable CHDO (Data Type 17)

The Total Count Phase Observable CHDO is defined in Table 3-23.

Table 3-23. Total Count Phase Observable CHDO (Data Type 17) Definitions

Identifier	Byte Off-	Item Name and	Format	Units/	Range	Notes
	set	Description		Precision		
chdo_type	0	Type attribute of the Total	Unsigne	N/A	10	
		Count Phase Observables	d Integer			
		data CHDO.	-2			
		CHDO contains binary				
		data.				

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
chdo_length	2	Length attribute of the Total Count Phase Observables data CHDO value field. Number of bytes after this item.	Unsigne d Integer -2	bytes	50 + 22 * num_ob s	
ref_rcv_type	4	Reference receiver type.  0 => Unknown  1 => DTT  2 => MFR	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 2	
reserve1	5	Reserved. One byte.	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0	
total_cnt_phs_p refit_resid_tol_ value	6	Total Count Phase pre-fit residual tolerance value. Value used for setting total count phase pre-fit residual tolerance flag. Provided by customer.	IEEE Single	Hz / 1 mHz	-1.0e6 to 1.0e6	62
reserve2	10	Reserved. Two bytes.	Unsigne d Integer -2	N/A	0	
dop_noise	12	Doppler noise. Invalid indicated by value of -1.0.	IEEE Single	Hz / 1 mHz	-1.0, 0.0 to 1000.0	26
delta_ff	16	Delta-f/f. Valid only for UPL-DTT antennas.	IEEE Double	N/A	-1.0 to 1.0	32
rcv_sig_lvl	24	Received signal level. Carrier power or data power (if suppressed carrier tracking). (-300.0 if not valid.)	IEEE Single	dBm / 0.1 dBm	-300.0, -190.0 to -45.0	58
num_obs	28	Number of Observable measurements.	Unsigne d Integer –2	N/A	1 to 100	33
obs_cnt_time	30	Observable count time. Integration time of the observables.	IEEE Single	seconds / 0.1 sec	0.1 to 3600.0	33
total_cnt_phs_s t_year	34	Total Count Phase observable start time year.	Unsigne d Integer -2	N/A	1900 to 3000	36

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
total_cnt_phs_s t_doy	36	Total Count Phase observable start time day of year.	Unsigne d Integer –2	N/A	1 to 366	36
total_cnt_phs_s t_sec	38	Total Count Phase observable start time seconds.	IEEE Double	Seconds / 0.01 sec	0.00 to 86,400.9 9	1, 36
total_cnt_phs _obs_hi	46, 68, , 46 + 22 * (num_ob s - 1)	Negative of Total Count Phase observable - High part phase data whole cycles. This measurement is part of a set of measurements that are repeated num_obs times.	Unsigne d Integer -4	Total integer phase cycles divided by 2 <sup>32</sup>	0 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -1	8, 36
total_cnt_phs _obs_lo	50, 72, , 50 + 22 * (num_ob s - 1)	Negative of Total Count Phase observable - Low part phase data whole cycles. This measurement is part of a set of measurements that are repeated num_obs times.	Unsigne d Integer –4	Total integer phase cycles modulo $2^{32}$	0 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -1	8, 36
total_cnt_phs _obs_frac	54, 76, , 54 + 22 * (num_ob s - 1)	Negative of Total Count Phase observable – Fractional part phase data cycles. This measurement is part of a set of measurements that are repeated num_obs times.	Unsigne d Integer -4	Fractiona l phase cycles multiplie d by 2 <sup>32</sup>	0 to 2 <sup>32</sup> -1	8, 36
total_ent_phs_p refit_resid	58, 80, , 58 + 22 * (num_ob s - 1)	Total Count Phase pre-fit residual. Observed minus predicted.	IEEE Single	Hz / 1 mHz	-1.0e6 to 1.0e6	86
total_cnt_phs_p refit_resid_vld_ flag	62, 84, , 62 + 22 * (num_ob s - 1)	Total Count Phase pre-fit residual validity indicator.  0 => Invalid pre-fit residual data  1 => Valid pre-fit residual data	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 or 1	86

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
total_cnt_phs_p refit_resid_tol_ flag	63, 85, , 63 + 22 * (num_ob s - 1)	Total Count Phase pre-fit residual tolerance flag. 0 => Out of tolerance 1 => In tolerance 2 => Not applicable	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 2	62, 86
reserve4	64, 86, , 64 + 22 * (num_ob s - 1)	Reserved. Four bytes.	Unsigne d Integer -4	N/A	0	
reserve8	46 + 22 * num_obs	Reserved. Eight bytes.	Unsigne d Integer -8	N/A	0	

## 3.1.5.4 Interferometric Data CHDOs

There is one interferometric data CHDO: VLBI (data type 10). Its format and contents are specified in section 3.1.5.4.1.

## 3.1.5.4.1 VLBI CHDO (Data Type 10)

The VLBI CHDO is defined in Table 3-24.

Table 3-24. VLBI CHDO (Data Type 10) Definitions

Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
chdo_type	0	Type attribute of the VLBI data CHDO. CHDO contains binary data.	Unsigne d Integer –2	N/A	10	
chdo_length	2	Length attribute of the VLBI data CHDO value field. Number of bytes after this item.	Unsigne d Integer -2	bytes	96	
clk_off_epoch _year	4	Clock offset epoch year.	Unsigne d Integer –2	Years	1958 to 3000	78
clk_off_epoch _doy	6	Clock offset epoch DOY.	Unsigne d Integer –2	Days	1 to 366	78

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
clk_off_epoch_sec	8	Clock offset epoch seconds.	IEEE Double	seconds / 0.1 msec	0.0000 to 86,400.9 999	1, 78
clk_off_1	16	Clock offset at first receiving antenna for scan. (UTC-station time)	IEEE Single	sec / 0.1 nsec	10.0e10 to 10.0e10	
clk_off_2	20	Clock offset at second receiving antenna for scan. (UTC-station time)	IEEE Single	sec / 0.1 nsec	- -10.0e10 to 10.0e10	
phs_cal_flag	24	Phase calibration flag.  0 => unknown  1 => no calibration  2 => default calibration  3 => quasar calibration only  4 => spacecraft calibration     only  5 => spacecraft and quasar     calibration	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	0 to 5	
chan_sampl_flag	25	Channel sampling flag.  1 => multiplexed  2 => dual-frequency combined  3 => 4 parallel channels	Unsigned Integer –1	N/A	1 to 3	
quasar_id	26	Quasar ID. Name of quasar used.	ASCII – 12	N/A	ASCII string	
quasar_id_num	38	Quasar ID numeric. Number assigned to the quasar used.	Unsigne d Integer -2	N/A	0 to 2 <sup>16</sup> -	
data_qual_flag	40	Data quality flag. 0 => good 1 => poor	Unsigne d Integer –1	N/A	0 or 1	
freq_chan_num	41	Frequency channel number. Valid only if rec_type is 71 or 72.	Unsigne d Integer –1	N/A	0 to 255	
mode_id	42	Mode identifier. Valid only if rec_type is 73; equals 0 otherwise. 0 => one-way 1 => two-way	Unsigne d Integer –1	N/A	0 or 1	

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
modulo_flag	43	Modulo flag. Valid only if rec_type is 73 or 74. 0 => modded 1 => unmodded	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 or 1	
ref_freq	44	Reference frequency.	IEEE Double	Hz / 1 mHz	1.0e9 to 4.0e9	
modulus	52	Modulus. Valid only if rec_type is 73 or 74.	IEEE Double	nsec / 0.1 psec	0.0 to 100,000. 0	
dod_cnt_time	60	Count time for VLBI delay rate observable.	IEEE Single	Seconds / 0.1 sec	0.0 to 100,000. 0	
dod_obs	64	VLBI delay rate observable.	IEEE Double	Hz / 10 <sup>-6</sup> Hz	-1.0e6 to 1.0e6	
dor_obs	72	VLBI delay observable.	IEEE Double	nsec / 0.1 psec	-1.0e9 to 1.0e9	
Reserve20	80	Reserved. Twenty bytes.	Unsigne d Integer –20	N/A	0	

#### 3.1.5.5 Filtered Data CHDOs

There are two filtered data CHDOs: Smoothed Noise (data type 12) and Allan Deviation (data type 13). Their formats and contents are specified in sections 3.1.5.5.1 to 3.1.5.5.2.

## 3.1.5.5.1 Smoothed Noise CHDO (Data Type 12)

The Smoothed Noise CHDO is generated for UPL-DTT antennas only and is defined in Table 3-25. Not generated if predicted frequencies are not available.

Table 3-25. Smoothed Noise CHDO (Data Type 12) Definitions

Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
chdo_type	0	Type attribute of the	Unsigne	N/A	10	
		smoothed noise data CHDO.	d Integer			
		CHDO contains binary data.	-2			

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
chdo_length	2	Length attribute of the smoothed noise data CHDO value field.  Number of bytes after this item.	Unsigne d Integer -2	bytes	46	
01sec_sm_noise	4	0.1-second smoothed noise measurement.	IEEE Single	Hz / 0.1 Hz	0.0 to 1000.0	47
1sec_sm_noise	8	1-second smoothed noise measurement.	IEEE Single	Hz / 0.1 Hz	0.0 to 1000.0	47
10sec_sm_noise	12	10-second smoothed noise measurement.	IEEE Single	Hz / 0.1 Hz	0.0 to 1000.0	47
100sec_sm_noise	16	100-second smoothed noise measurement.	IEEE Single	Hz / 0.1 Hz	0.0 to 1000.0	47
200sec_sm_noise	20	200-second smoothed noise measurement.	IEEE Single	Hz / 0.1 Hz	0.0 to 1000.0	47
600sec_sm_noise	24	600-second smoothed noise measurement.	IEEE Single	Hz / 0.1 Hz	0.0 to 1000.0	47
int_time	28	Integration time. Total integration time of measurements.	Unsigne d Integer –4	Seconds / 1 sec	1 to 10,800	
percent_data_used	32	Percent of data used.	IEEE Single	Percentage / 0.1 percent	0.0 to 100.0	50
new_01sec	36	<ul> <li>0.1-second measurement is new.</li> <li>0 =&gt; Old data</li> <li>1 =&gt; New data</li> </ul>	Unsigne d Integer-1	N/A	0 or 1	48
new_1sec	37	1-second measurement is new. 0 => Old data 1 => New data	Unsigne d Integer-1	N/A	0 or 1	48
new_10sec	38	10-second measurement is new. 0 => Old data 1 => New data	Unsigne d Integer-1	N/A	0 or 1	48
new_100sec	39	100-second measurement is new. 0 => Old data 1 => New data	Unsigne d Integer-1	N/A	0 or 1	48
new_200sec	40	200-second measurement is new. 0 => Old data 1 => New data	Unsigne d Integer-1	N/A	0 or 1	48

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
new_600sec	41	600-second measurement is new. 0 => Old data 1 => New data	Unsigne d Integer-1	N/A	0 or 1	48
reserve8	42	Reserved. Eight bytes.	Unsigne d Integer –8	N/A	0	

## 3.1.5.5.2 Allan Deviation CHDO (Data Type 13)

The Allan Deviation CHDO is generated for UPL-DTT antennas only and is defined in Table 3-26. Not generated if predicted frequencies are not available.

Table 3-26. Allan Deviation CHDO (Data Type 13) Definitions

Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
chdo_type	0	Type attribute of the Allan Deviation data CHDO. CHDO contains binary data.	Unsigned Integer – 2	N/A	10	
chdo_length	2	Length attribute of the Allan Deviation data CHDO value field.  Number of bytes after this item.	Unsigne d Integer -2	bytes	42	
01sec_allan_dev	4	0.1-second Allan Deviation measurement.	IEEE Single	Unitless	0.0 to 1.0	49
1sec_allan_dev	8	1-second Allan Deviation measurement.	IEEE Single	Unitless	0.0 to 1.0	49
10sec_allan_dev	12	10-second Allan Deviation measurement.	IEEE Single	Unitless	0.0 to 1.0	49
100sec_allan_dev	16	100-second Allan Deviation measurement.	IEEE Single	Unitless	0.0 to 1.0	49
1000sec_allan _dev	20	1000-second Allan Deviation measurement.	IEEE Single	Unitless	0.0 to 1.0	49
int_time	24	Integration time.	Unsigne d Integer –4	Seconds / 1 sec	1 to 10 <sup>6</sup>	
percent_data_used	28	Percent of data used.	IEEE Single	Percentage / 0.1 percent	0.0 to 100.0	50

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Identifier	Byte Off- set	Item Name and Description	Format	Units/ Precision	Range	Notes
rpt_cause	32	Cause of report generation.  0 => 1000 second report  1 => Doppler mode change  2 => Idle mode	Unsigne d Integer -1	N/A	0 to 2	
new_01sec	33	<ul><li>0.1-second measurement is new.</li><li>0 =&gt; Old data</li><li>1 =&gt; New data</li></ul>	Unsigne d Integer-1	N/A	0 or 1	51
new_1sec	34	<ul><li><i>1-second measurement is new.</i></li><li>0 =&gt; Old data</li><li>1 =&gt; New data</li></ul>	Unsigne d Integer-1	N/A	0 or 1	51
new_10sec	35	10-second measurement is new. 0 => Old data 1 => New data	Unsigne d Integer-1	N/A	0 or 1	51
new_100sec	36	100-second measurement is new. 0 => Old data 1 => New data	Unsigne d Integer-1	N/A	0 or 1	51
new_1000sec	37	1000-second measurement is new. 0 => Old data 1 => New data	Unsigne d Integer-1	N/A	0 or 1	51
reserve8	38	Reserved. Eight bytes.	Unsigne d Integer –8	N/A	0	

# 3.2 Dependencies

None identified.

## Appendix A Notes

1. Seconds to HH:MM:SS (UTC) format:

0.0 => 00:00:00 86399.0 => 23:59:59 86400.0 => Leap second

- 2. This offset (**transmit\_time\_tag\_delay**) should be added to the time tag. It is used to compensate for differences in the time tag point and the antenna radiation point.
- 3. This offset (**rcv\_time\_tag\_delay**) should be subtracted from the time tag. It is used to compensate for differences in the time tag point and the antenna radiation point.
- 4. Array delay (**array\_delay**) is included in the station calibration value (**stn\_cal**) measurement and should be subtracted from the time tag.
- 5. Spacecraft transponder lock (**scft\_transpd\_lock**), spacecraft transponder number (**scft\_transpd\_num**), spacecraft two-way non-coherent (TWNC) status (**scft\_twnc\_stat**), and spacecraft oscillator type (**scft\_osc\_type**) are obtained from spacecraft engineering data, which may not be available.
- 6. Spacecraft oscillator frequency (**scft\_osc\_freq**) is obtained from spacecraft project supplied data.
- 7. Spacecraft transponder delay (**scft\_transpd\_delay**) is based on spacecraft and configuration data supplied from spacecraft project. In the future, it may be based on engineering data from the spacecraft. This is the delay the ranging signal experiences through the spacecraft.
- 8. PHASE = HI \*  $2^{32}$  + LO + FRAC \*  $2^{-32}$ ,

where,

HI = ul\_hi\_phs\_cycles, or phs\_hi\_x (with x = 0 through 9), phs\_hi\_avg, or dop\_cnt\_hi, or total\_cnt\_phs\_ob\_hi
LO = ul\_lo\_phs\_cycles, or phs\_lo\_x (with x = 0 through 9), or phs\_lo\_avg, or dop\_cnt\_lo, or total\_cnt\_phs\_obs\_lo
FRAC = ul\_frac\_phs\_cycles, or phs\_frac\_x (with x = 0 through 9), or phs\_frac\_avg, or dop\_cnt\_frac, or total\_cnt\_phs\_obs\_frac

- 9. If LNA number (lna\_num) as reported at the station is unknown or invalid (e.g., 0), then the default LNA number may be used (i.e., lna\_corr\_value). LNA number, or when necessary the LNA correction value, is used to determine dl\_zheight\_corr (see note 60), which is subsequently used to formulate the range observable (i.e., rng\_obs, see note 39). If lna\_corr\_value is reported as zero, then this value is not used.
- 10. If hardware at station allows splitting the uplink and downlink ranging delays, thevalue will be included here. Otherwise, it is set to 0.0.
- 11. Measured code value (**ul\_rng\_phs**) and measured range value (**dl\_rng\_phs**) are the phase of the ranging signal at the time tag.
- 12. T1 setting (t1) is the length of time that the first component (the clock) is transmitted.
- 13. T2 setting (t2) is the length of time that each subsequent component is transmitted.
- 14. T3 setting (t3) is the length of time that the clock is transmitted for each DRVID measurement.
- 15. Component frequency is  $F_EXC * 2^{-(n+2)}$ , where n is the component number and  $F_EXC$  is the exciter reference signal (see note 17).
- 16. Chopping modulates the ranging signal with a subcarrier at the chop component frequency (chop\_comp\_num), for all components after and including the chop start component (chop\_start\_num). For example, if the chop start component value is 6 and the chop component is 5, all components from 6 on will be modulated with component 5. If the chop value is zero, all components starting with 15 and larger are chopped with the clock component.
- 17. The exciter reference frequency (F EXC) is defined as follows:

Where FRQ UP is the uplink carrier frequency.

18. Sequential ranging cycle time is defined as follows:

$$rng\_cycle\_time = (t1 + 2) + (last\_comp\_num - first\_comp\_num) * (t2 + 1) + num drvid * (t3 + 2) + 1$$

19. The PN ranging code is a combination of multiple sequences logically combined. The code state is the particular bit (or chip) in the sequence, plus the phase of that

chip at the time tag. For a component length L, and a subsequence state S, the code state C is related to L and S by:

$$S = C \mod L$$

- 20. PN chip rate = F\_EXC / clk\_divider
- 21. The first "n" bits (where n is the length specified in **len\_seqj**) define the PN subsequence, e.g., a value of 46 for **def\_seq4** gives the following sequence: 0101110, which will have a value of 7 in **len\_seq4**.
- 22. Code length (**pn\_code\_length**) equals the result of multiplying the lengths of all of the subsequences together.
- 23. PN cycle time is 16 \* clk\_divider \* pn\_code\_length.
- 24. One Range Unit (RU) is defined as:

Where FRQ\_UP is the uplink carrier frequency. Range is measured in RU to give a stable reference measurement when the uplink is being ramped.

- 25. If carrier is suppressed (**carr\_resid\_wt** = 0.0), then the data power is used for the carrier tracking.
- 26. Doppler noise (**dop\_noise**) is the standard deviation of the detrended downlink frequency residuals. The detrending is the removal of the least squares linear fit of the frequency residuals over the sample period. For the Downlink Carrier Phase data type (data type 1) and Doppler data type (data type 6), the sample period is 1 second. For the Carrier observable data type (data type 16), the sample period is sample integration time (**obs\_cnt\_time**) times the number of samples (**num\_obs**). The equation for the Doppler noise is (F is the frequency residual, F<sub>L</sub> is the linear least squares fit of F, and t is the spacing between points):

$$dop\_noise = \sqrt{\frac{1}{N} \sum_{I=1}^{N} \left\{ F(I * t) - F_L(I * t) \right\}^2 - \left\{ \frac{1}{N} \sum_{I=1}^{N} \left\{ F(I * t) - F_L(I * t) \right\} \right\}^2}$$

27. **carr\_resid\_wt** is the weight value applied to residual phase error in carrier tracking; suppressed carrier weight is 1.0 minus this value, e.g.,

$$\phi_{err} = carr\_resid\_wt * \phi_{err\_resid} + (1 - carr\_resid\_wt) * \phi_{err\_suppressed}$$

28. Figure of Merit (FOM) (**figure\_merit**) is the estimate of the probability of successfully acquiring all of the lower components (other than the clock component). It is expressed as a percentage (0.0 to 100.0). For sequential ranging, it is defined as:

$$FOM = \frac{\left[1 + Erf\left(-\sqrt{PRN0*T2}\right)\right]^{RNG\_COMP2-RNG\_COMP1}}{2^{RNG\_COMP2-RNG\_COMP1}}$$

Where Erf(\*) is the error function.

For PN ranging, it is defined as:

$$FOM = \prod_{i=1}^{6} \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp(-x^2) \left( \frac{1 + Erf\left(x + (C_{\text{max}} - C_{\text{min}})\sqrt{INT} - TIME * PRN0\right)}{2} \right)^{LEN(i) - 1} dx \right)$$

Where,  $C_{min}$  and  $C_{max}$  are the minimum and maximum correlation value for each subsequence and LEN(I) is the length of the ith subsequence (2, 7, 11, 15, 19, and 23).

- 29. Range residual accuracy depends on the accuracy of the predicts and is rarely better than 1 µsec (1000 RU).
- 30. DRVID (**drvid**) stands for Differenced Range Versus Integrated Doppler. It is a measurement of the difference between the group and phase delay of the media. The measurement (at time tag TT) is the difference between two consecutive measured range points (i.e., points separated by the cycle time) minus the scaled difference in the uplink and downlink carrier phases over the same time period. The measurement is defined below:

$$\begin{split} I\_DOP &= \{ (\varphi_T(TT) - \varphi_T(TT - \textbf{rng\_cycle\_time})) - \\ &\quad (\textbf{scft\_transpd\_turn\_den} / \textbf{scft\_transpd\_turn\_num}) * \\ &\quad (\varphi_R(TT) - \varphi_R(TT - \textbf{rng\_cycle\_time})) \} \end{split}$$

drvid = D\_RNG - [16 \* (exc\_scalar\_num / exc\_scalar\_den) \* I\_DOP mod rng modulo]

This has previously been called pseudo-DRVID, since the measurement does not require increasing the cycle time by adding additional clock transmissions during the measurement. The method of using additional clock cycles does not measure

the carrier phase over the same period of time as the range measurement; this is why the pseudo-DRVID implementation was selected.

- 31. Slipped cycles (**slipped\_cycles**) are estimated by processing the frequency residuals in a software-simulated, digital phase-locked loop and comparing the phase error with slip conditions. This estimate is subject to degradation during high noise conditions. The slipped cycles value is the number of cycle slips (both positive and negative) detected in this manner, for the sample interval.
- 32. Delta Frequency/Frequency (**delta\_ff**) is the change in downlink frequency since the last sample, divided by the downlink frequency at this time tag.
- 33. A set of measurements is provided in the Received Carrier and Total Count Phase Observables data types (data types 16 and 17). For each set, a number of measurements (**num\_obs**) and a time interval (**obs\_cnt\_time**) are provided. The first measurement is at the time tag reported in the header; the ith measurement (i = 1 to number of measurements) is at the time tag (TT) plus (i-1) \* **obs\_cnt\_time**. The interval of time covered by the measurements is TT **obs\_cnt\_time** to TT + (number of measurements 1)\* **obs\_cnt\_time**.
- 34. The Doppler Count is defined as difference in the downlink carrier phase plus a bias term (generated by integrating dop\_cnt\_bias\_freq) minus the uplink carrier phase (generated by integrating ul\_freq)scaled by the spacecraft transponder turn around ratio.. The bias term is used to keep the Doppler Count a positive value. The time tag is the end of the Doppler Count interval.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Doppler Count} = \ (\phi_{R,i} \ ) + ((\textbf{scft\_transpd\_turn\_num/scft\_transpd\_turn\_den}) \ * \\ - ul\_freq+ \ \textbf{dop\_cnt\_bias\_freq} \ ) * \ (\text{Time}_I - \text{Time}_{start}) \end{aligned}$$

35. The Received Carrier Frequency Observable is defined as the negative of the difference in the downlink phase at the end of the interval and the downlink phase at the start of the interval, divided by the interval time. The time tag point of the difference is the middle point of the count time interval (note that this means that the time tag may be on the half second). The time tag of the ith measurement (i equals 1 to  $num_obs$ ) is  $TT + (i - 1.0) * obs_cnt_time$ .

Observable = - 
$$(\phi_i - \phi_{i-1}) / obs$$
 cnt time

36. The Total Count Phase Observable is the difference between the downlink carrier phase at the measurement time tag and the downlink carrier phase at a starting point (a running integration). The time of the starting point is given by total\_cnt\_phs\_st\_year, total\_cnt\_phs\_st\_doy, and total\_cnt\_phs\_st\_sec. The starting point changes whenever something causes the carrier lock to be broken, such as spacecraft mode changes or downlink loss of lock. The time tag of the ith measurement (i equals 1 to num\_obs) is TT + (i - 1) \* obs\_cnt\_time.

Observable = - 
$$(\phi_i - \phi_{start})$$

The value reported is the negative of the observable, e.g.:

Reported Observable = 
$$(\phi_i - \phi_{start})$$

- 37. Sequential ranging ambiguity (**rng\_modulo**) in Range Units is defined as  $2^{6+last\_comp\_num}$
- 38. Sequential measured range (meas\_rng) is the difference between the uplink ranging phase (ul\_rng\_phs) and the downlink ranging phase (dl\_rng\_phs) (for UPL-DTT antennas). For non-UPL-DTT antennas, the Sequential Ranging Assembly range value is used. The difference is the positive modulo of rng\_modulo value. This measurement is not corrected for any calibration issues.
- 39. Range Observable is defined as the measured range (meas\_rng) minus the calibration correction. This observable is valid for both UPL-DTT and non-UPL-DTT antennas and is supplied to maintain compatibility between the two. The calibration correction is defined as:

Correction = (ul\_stn\_cal - transmit\_time\_tag\_delay) + ul\_zheight\_corr + scft\_transpd\_delay + (dl\_stn\_cal - rcv\_time\_tag\_delay - array\_delay) + dl zheight corr

- 40. If the measured uplink calibration value (**ul\_stn\_cal**) as reported in the uplink range SFDUs is non-zero, then the uplink calibration value (**ul\_stn\_cal**) in the derived SFDUs for sequential and PN range is this value. Otherwise, it is one-half of the station calibration value (**stn\_cal**). If the value is invalid, the parameter is set to −1.0.
- 41. If the measured downlink calibration value (**dl\_stn\_cal**) as reported in the downlink ranging SFDUs is non-zero, then the downlink calibration value (**dl\_stn\_cal**) in the derived SFDUs for sequential and PN range is this value. Otherwise, it is one-half of the station calibration value (**stn\_cal**). If the value is invalid, the parameter is set to -1.0.
- 42. The uplink frequency (**ul\_freq**) is provided for computing the Range Unit definition for those antennas that do not support ramped uplinks (i.e., no Data Type 9).
- 43. Range noise (**rng\_noise**) is the standard deviation of up to the last 100 (i.e., if more than 100 data points exist, only the last 100 are used) range residuals, detrended by removing the least squares linear fit of the data. The equation for the Range noise is (R is the range residual, R<sub>L</sub> is the linear least squares fit of R, N is the number of points (up to 100), and t is the spacing between points):

$$rng\_noise = \sqrt{\frac{1}{N} \sum_{I=1}^{N} \left\{ R(I * t) - R_L(I * t) \right\}^2 - \left\{ \frac{1}{N} \sum_{I=1}^{N} \left\{ R(I * t) - R_L(I * t) \right\} \right\}^2}$$

44. DRVID noise (**drvid\_noise**) is the standard deviation of up to the last 200 (i.e., if more than 200 data points exist, only the last 200 are used) DRVID values. The equation for the DRVID noise is (D is the DRVID residual, N is the number of points (up to 200), and t is the spacing between points):

drvid\_noise = 
$$\sqrt{\frac{1}{N} \sum_{I=1}^{N} \{D(I * t)\}^2 - \{\frac{1}{N} \sum_{I=1}^{N} \{D(I * t)\}\}^2}$$

45. PN ranging ambiguity (modulo value) is defined as:

- 46. PN measured range value (meas\_rng) is the difference between the uplink ranging phase (ul\_rng\_phs) and the downlink ranging phase (dl\_rng\_phs). It is only available from the UPL-DTT antennas. The difference is the positive modulo of the rng\_modulo value. This measurement is not corrected for any calibration issues.
- 47. Smoothed noise is the standard deviation of the detrended downlink frequency residuals. The detrending is the removal of the least squares linear fit of the frequency residuals over the sample period. Estimates are computed for 0.1, 1, 10, 100, 200, and 600-second intervals. The minimum sample period is 180 seconds, the maximum is 10,800. The standard deviation is computed over 18 points; if the number of points in the reporting period is more than 18 (e.g., 0.1-second and 1.0-second), the 18-sample standard deviations are averaged. The equation for the Smoothed noise is (F is the frequency residual, F<sub>L</sub> is the linear least squares fit of F, and t is the time spacing between points):

$$NOISE = \sqrt{\frac{1}{18} \sum_{I=1}^{18} \left\{ F(I * t) - F_L(I * t) \right\}^2 - \left\{ \frac{1}{18} \sum_{I=1}^{18} \left\{ F(I * t) - F_L(I * t) \right\} \right\}^2}$$

- 48. Since the record is generated every 180 seconds and each integration needs 18 points, the longer integrations will not be updated every time. The **new\_xxx** flags are used to indicate which integrations have been updated.
- 49. Allan deviation is computed for interval  $(\tau)$  values of 0.1, 1, 10, 100, and 1000 seconds. The record is nominally output once every 1000 seconds. The

frequency residuals are used for the computation (to remove the known motion effects, such as earth rotation). The result is normalized to DSN channel 14 (2295 MHz for S-band, 8415 MHz for X-band, and 31.977 GHz for Ka-band); this value is referred to as F0. The number of points, N, is equal to the integration time, INT TIME, divided by  $\tau$ .

$$\frac{\Delta F_{\tau}}{F} = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2N} \sum_{I=1}^{N} \left\{ F(\tau I) - F(\tau (I-1) \right\}^{2}}}{F0}$$

- 50. **percent\_data\_used** indicates if some data in the integration period was not used (e.g., carrier was out of lock).
- 51. If a record is generated due to a change in system status (e.g., receiver mode change), the report time will be short of the normal 1000 seconds, so the longer integrations may not have a new point computed. The new\_xxx flags are used to indicate which integrations have been updated.
- 52. Some hardware (ground or spacecraft) may invert the ranging modulation. **invert** allows these inversions to be corrected on the uplink or downlink processing.
- 53. Loop Type (carr\_loop\_type) is the number of poles in the carrier phase locked loop transfer function. The number poles (or order) of the loop filter is the Loop Type minus one. For each increment in the Loop Type, one higher order derivative of Doppler is tracked out to zero (Type 1 tracks out phase offsets, Type 2 tracks out frequency errors, Type 3 tracks out frequency rate errors).
- 54. The time offset (**prdx\_time\_offset**) is a value added to the current time when generating the predicted frequency from the frequency predicts (F(t)). Thus, the predicted frequency (F PRED), at time t, used by the tracking loop is:

$$F_PRED = F(t + prdx\_time\_offset)$$

55. The frequency offset (**prdx\_freq\_offset**) is a value added to the frequency value generated from the frequency predicts (F(t)). Thus, the predicted frequency (F\_PRED), at time t, used by the tracking loop is:

$$F_PRED = F(t) + prdx_freq_offset$$

56. Correlation validity (**correl\_vld\_flag**) is reported by the downlink ranging equipment. It is an estimate of whether or not the clock component is properly aligned with the received ranging signal (it measures the power in the inphase and quadrature signals when correlating the lower components – if the clock is properly aligned, the power in the inphase signal is much greater than the quadrature signal).

- 57. The Angles Validity Flag (ang\_vld\_flag) is set by the tracking equipment to indicate whether or not the angle data is valid.
- 58. The signal level (**rcv\_sig\_lvl**) is either provided by the tracking station (non-UPL-DTT antennas), or derived from other parameters (UPL-DTT antennas). For the 34m and 70m antennas, the derivation is as follows:

```
Signal Level = P N0 - (K DB + 10 * log10(system noise temp))
```

Where K\_DB is Boltzmann's constant (-198.6 dBm/Hz/k), system\_noise\_temp is the system noise temperature, and P\_N0 is either pcn0 (car\_resid\_wt > 0.0) or pdn0 (car\_resid\_wt = 0.0).

- 59. The In Phase Time (**transmit\_inphs\_time** or **rcv\_inphs\_time**) is the time point that the ranging modulation reference was initialized to zero phase. It is used for three-way ranging cases. It is seconds of day offset from the block time tag.
- 60. Distance (in time) to the phase center of the antenna that is not included in the station calibration. Included in this value is the delay to and from the test translator, the delay inside the test translator, the delay from the range calibration coupler to the phase center of the antenna, and the delay between the main antenna dish and the subreflector. Z-height is expressed in seconds, so it must be converted to Range Units before it is included in the Range Observables. The uplink part of this compensation (which is the delay from the point that the test translator taps off of the uplink path to the phase center) is provided in ul\_zheight\_corr and the downlink part (which is the delay from the phase center to the point where the test translator joins the downlink path, minus the delay of the test translator path) is in dl\_zheight\_corr.
- 61. When downlink carrier data is received, it reports the configuration that was used at the tracking station for the source of the downlink (e.g., three-way with DSS 65). However, that may not be the actual spacecraft mode (for example, the spacecraft may have been locked to an uplink from DSS 54, but the receiving station did not have any three-way predicts for DSS 54, so the predicts for DSS 65 were used instead). A validation is done to determine the actual spacecraft mode and is reported in the validated uplink station (vld\_ul\_stn) and validated doppler mode (vld\_dop\_mode) fields of the downlink data secondary CHDO.
- 62. The Carrier and Total Phase Count Pre-fit Residual Tolerance flags

  (carr\_prefit\_resid\_tol\_flag and total\_phs\_cnt\_prefit\_resid\_tol\_flag) indicate

  whether or not the pre-fit residuals are within the tolerance

  (carr\_prefit\_resid\_tol\_value and total\_phs\_cnt\_prefit\_resid\_tol\_value) set by

  the spacecraft project. The prefit residual flags (carr\_prefit\_resid\_tol\_flag and

  total\_phs\_cnt\_prefit\_resid\_tol\_flag) are set to Not Applicable if the prefit

  residual validity flags (carr\_prefit\_resid\_vld\_flag and

  total\_phs\_cnt\_prefit\_resid\_vld\_flag) indicate invalid.

- 63. The Range Residual Tolerance flag (**rng\_resid\_tol\_flag**) indicates whether or not the range residual is within the tolerance (**rng\_resid\_tol\_value**) set by the spacecraft project.
- 64. The DRVID Tolerance flag (**drvid\_tol\_flag**) indicates whether or not the DRVID value is within the tolerance (**drvid\_tol\_value**) set by the spacecraft project.
- 65. The Pr/N0 Residual Tolerance flag (**prn0\_resid\_tol\_flag**) indicates whether or not the Pr/N0 residual is within the tolerance (**prn0\_resid\_tol\_value**) set by the spacecraft project.
- 66. The Range Sigma Tolerance flag (rng\_sigma\_tol\_flag) indicates whether or not the range sigma (noise) is within the tolerance (rng\_sigma\_tol\_value) set by the spacecraft project.
- 67. The Range Validity flag (rng\_vld\_flag) indicates that the range data is valid if the receiver is in-lock, if the Correlation Validity flag (correl\_vld\_flag) indicates valid data, and the FOM (figure\_merit) is above its tolerance value (fom\_tol\_value). Additionally, for the derived data types (Data Types 7 and 14), the condition of the data not being calibration data (rng\_meas\_type) is also included.
- 68. The Range Configuration Change flag (**rng\_config\_flag**) is set whenever the system determines the microwave configuration has changed since the ranging calibration was done.
- 69. Note 69 has been deleted.
- 70. The Metrics Validity flag (metrics\_vld\_flag) indicates whether or not the downlink ranging equipment was able to process the ranging data to get a measurement of range and DRVID (for example, the pass may have been three-way and the uplink data was not available).
- 71. Note 71 has been deleted.
- 72. Currently, the equipment that performs the tone range measurement includes the corrections for the calibration and the Z-height correction in the reported range; however, these values are not reported by the station. Thus, **stn\_cal**, **ul\_zheight\_corr**, **dl\_zheight\_corr** are set to 0.0. The range observable (**rng\_obs**) is equal to **meas\_rng** minus the spacecraft transponder delay **scft\_transpd\_delay**. If the equipment at the station is corrected, the values will be non-zero.
- 73. The Modification Time items (day and msec) are set to 0 when the block is first created. If any data in the block is changed, the items are set to the time of the modification. The time is expressed as the time (UTC) since the epoch of January

- 1, 1958. The time is represented as days since the epoch and milliseconds of the day.
- 74. The record creation time is the time when the data processing task first creates the record. It is expressed as the time (UTC) since the epoch of January 1, 1958. The time is represented as days since the epoch and milli-seconds of the day.
- 75. The In Phase Time (transmit\_inphs\_time\_xxx or rcv\_inphs\_time\_xxx, where xxx is year, doy, or sec) is the time point (UTC) that the ranging modulation reference was initialized to zero phase. It is used for three-way ranging cases. When reported from the DSN stations, it is reported as an absolute time (see note 59 regarding its other format).
- 76. The Downlink Range Observable (**rng\_obs\_dl**) is defined as the calibration correction minus the downlink ranging phase. It is only valid for UPL-DTT antennas. The calibration correction is defined as:
  - Correction = (ul\_stn\_cal transmit\_time\_tag\_delay) + ul\_zheight\_corr + scft\_transpd\_delay + (dl\_stn\_cal rcv\_time\_tag\_delay array\_delay) + dl\_zheight\_corr
- 77. Downlink range observable validity flag (rng\_obs\_dl\_vld\_flag) indicates whether or not the Downlink range observable item (rng\_obs\_dl) is valid. It will be invalid if the data is for a non-UPL-DTT antenna.
- 78. The Clock Offset Epoch Time (clk\_off\_epoch\_year, clk\_off\_epoch\_doy, and clk\_off\_epoch\_sec) is the time (UTC) that the two clock offsets (clk\_off\_1 and clk\_off\_2) where measured.
- 79. The uplink data is only valid if the validated spacecraft coherency (vld\_scft\_coh) indicates an uplink (value of 1 or 3).
- 80. Note 80 has been deleted.
- 81. This computation is done at the station. The metrics validity flag (metrics vld flag) indicates its validity.
- 82. For DTT data, the downlink band is assumed to be correct. For non-DTT data, a validation is done. In the case of 26m stations, which use the two acquisition aid antennas (for both S- and X-band), if the downlink band cannot be definitively determined, the value gets set to "S or X".
- 83. The carrier lock status (carr\_lock\_stat) for non-DTT antennas is inferred from other values.

- 84. The count time (interval), T<sub>c</sub>, that is used to form an observable is constrained by the sample interval.
- 85. Note 85 has been deleted.
- 86. Until prefit residual values (rng\_dl\_prefit\_resid, rng\_prefit\_resid, and carr\_prefit\_resid) are delivered, they will be indicated as invalid by setting their residual flags (rng\_dl\_prefit\_resid\_vld\_flag, rng\_prefit\_resid\_vld\_flag, and carr prefit resid\_vld\_flag, respectively) to a value of 0.
- 87. Arraying is done using the Full Spectrum Processor (FSP). There are two FSPs per complex.
- 88. This field only pertains to the Doppler (Data Type 6), the Received Carrier Frequency Observables (Data Type 16) and the Total-Count Phase Observables (Data Type 17) data CHDOs. Otherwise, when not applicable, the field is set to 0. In the case of Data Types 16 and 17, this field describes the compression interval, which ranges from 0.1 through 3600.0 seconds. In the case of Data Type 6, this field describes the sample interval. 26m stations are capable of producing tracking data at sample intervals of 0.1, 1, 10, or 60 seconds. UPL/DTT stations produce tracking data at a 0.1 second interval.
- 89. The Doppler Validity Flag (**dop\_vld\_flag**) is set by the tracking equipment to indicate whether or not the doppler data is valid.

# Appendix B File Format

## **B.1** LVO Structure of Files

When the data defined by this document are stored in a file, the file is wrapped with an attached header. The file consists of nested LVOs, including a catalog LVO (known as the K-object LVO) and a data LVO (known as the I-object LVO). The catalog LVO contains the meta-data needed to catalog the actual tracking data. The data LVO consists of CHDO SFDUs defined in Section 3. The LVO structure of a file is depicted in Figure B-1. Further details on the contents of the label and value fields of each LVO are provided in the following subsections.

Figure B-1. LVO Structure of Files

## **B.2.** Physical Layout of Files

The physical layout of the TRK-2-34 file is shown in Figure B-2. The length in bytes is 88+M+L, where M is the length of the catalog field and L is the length of the CHDO SFDUs. The structure is divided into three main parts:

- primary label of the entire SFDU (Table B-1 describes the primary label.)
- K-header. The K-header (or K-object) consists of the K-header SFDU label (or K-object SFDU label), catalog information, and an end marker. The catalog information consists of meta-data for cataloging the SFDU file. The meta-data are in the form of keyword-value pairs (hence, the "K" for keyword). (Tables B-2 and B-3 describe the K-header.)
- I-object. The I-object (where "I" stands for information) contains the CHDO SFDUs defined by Section 3, preceded by an I-object SFDU label. (Table B-4 describes the I-object SFDU label.)

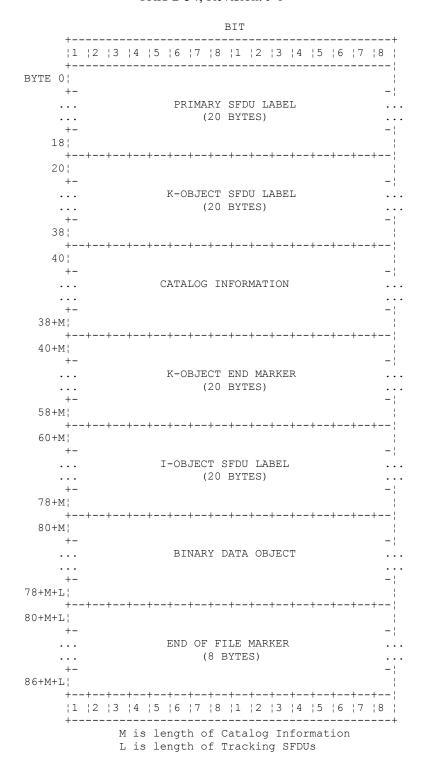


Figure B-2. File Layout

#### See Figure B-3 for a sample header of a TRK-2-34 file.

```
CCSD3ZF0000100000001NJPL3KS0PDSX$T-2-34$
PDS VERSION ID = PDS3
RECORD TYPE = UNDEFINED
MISSION NAME = CASSINI
SPACECRAFT NAME = CASSINI
SPACECRAFT ID = 82
MISSION ID = 7
DATA SET ID = TRK234
FILE NAME = 013610115SC82DSS65.234
PRODUCER ID = TDDS
PRODUCT CREATION TIME = 2001-361T23:59:59
START TIME = 2001-361T01:15:10
STOP TIME = 2001-361T12:30:30
INTERCHANGE FORMAT = BINARY
NOTE = "Carrier lock status in DT1 changed by Jane Doe."
CCSD$$MARKER$T-2-34$NJPL3IF0T2340000001
```

Figure B-3. Sample Header of File

#### B.2.1. Primary SFDU Label

Bytes 0 through 19 of the tracking SFDU file contain the primary SFDU label field for the files. The format and content of the label are defined in Table B-1.

Format **Byte** Data Item. Range **Description and Units.** 0 to 3 Restricted 'CCSD' Control authority identifier (CAID). ASCII-4 This CAID field indicates that the data description information (referred to in bytes 8 to 11) for this SFDU is maintained and disseminated by the CCSDS control authority. Control authority identifiers are assigned by the CCSDS. **'3'** 4 Restricted SFDU version identifier. ASCII-1 This version field indicates how this primary SFDU label is delimited. The value of '3' indicates that this LVO can be delimited by marker, EOF (end of file), or length.

Table B-1. Primary SFDU Label

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Byte	Data Item. Description and Units.	Format	Range
5	SFDU class identifier. This class identifier field gives a high-level classification of the content of the value field of this LVO (i.e., this TRK-2-34 LVO that contains the K-header LVO and the I-object LVO). The value of 'Z' indicates that the value (V) field of this LVO contains a JPL LVO with a CCSD CAID.	Restricted ASCII-1	ʻZ'
6	Delimiter identifier. This delimitation identifier indicates the type of delimiter this primary SFDU label uses for its last eight bytes. A value of 'F' indicates this label ends with '00000001', as specified in bytes 12 to 19, which implies that the entire SFDU is closed with an EOF marker.	Restricted ASCII-1	'F'
7	Reserved. This byte is a spare field.	Restricted ASCII-1	'0'
8 to 11	Data description package identifier. This field uniquely identifies (for the specified Control Authority, i.e., CCSDS, per bytes 0 to 3) the package that contains the definition of the data object [or value (V) field of this LVO]. The value shown here is registered with the specified control authority.	Restricted ASCII-4	'0001'
12 to 19	Length attribute of the SFDU.  This field is designated the "length" field because data are delimited by length for stream data. However, since this SFDU is considered to be a file SFDU, rather than a stream SFDU, the end of the TRK-2-34 LVO (SFDU) is designated by an EOF marker. The EOF marker is specified in this primary SFDU label as '00000001.'	Standard ASCII-8	'0000000 1'

## **B.2.2** K-Header (or K-Object)

Bytes 20 to 59+M are the K-header (or K-Object) for the file (M is the length of the catalog information, which is variable length). The three components of the K-header are described below.

## B.2.2.1 K-Header SFDU Label

Bytes 20 to 39 are the label field for the K-Header SFDU (or Catalog LVO) for the files. The 20 bytes of the label field are defined below in Table B-2.

Table B-2. K-Header (or K-Object) SFDU Label

Byte	Data Item. Description and Units.	Format	Range
0 to 3	Control authority identifier (CAID).  This CAID field indicates that the data description information (referred to at bytes 8 to 11) for this SFDU is maintained and disseminated by the NASA/JPL control authority.	Restricted ASCII-4	'NJPL'
4	SFDU version identifier. This version field indicates how this K-header SFDU label is delimited. The value of '3' indicates that this LVO can be delimited by marker, EOF (end of file), or length. In this case, the actual delimiter is by marker, as indicated by byte 6.	Restricted ASCII-1	<b>'3'</b>
5	SFDU class identifier. This class identifier field gives a high-level classification of the content of the value field of this LVO (i.e., the K-header LVO). The value of 'K' indicates that the value (V) field of this LVO contains a K-header. [The K-header contains metadata that describes the I-object LVO (information or data object) that follows it.]	Restricted ASCII-1	'K'
6	Delimiter identifier. This delimitation identifier indicates the type of delimiter this K-header SFDU label uses for its last eight bytes. A value of 'S' indicates that this label ends with a marker, i.e., a start marker (signifying the start of the value field). [The value (V) field of the K-header LVO is the Catalog information. It is delimited by a start marker at the end of this K-header SFDU label, and then by a matching end marker at the end of the value (V) field.] The marker is specified in the 'Length attribute' field of this label at bytes 12 to 19.	Restricted ASCII-1	'S'
7	Reserved. This byte is a spare field.	Restricted ASCII-1	'0'
8 to 11	Data description package identifier. This field uniquely identifies (for the specified Control Authority, i.e., NJPL, per bytes 0 to 3) the data object [or value (V) field of this LVO]. The value shown here is registered with the specified control authority.	Restricted ASCII-4	'PDSX'
12 to 19	Length attribute of the SFDU. The Catalog information is delimited with a start and end marker.	Standard ASCII-8	'\$T-2- 34\$'

#### **B.2.2.2** Catalog Information

The catalog information for the files starts at byte 40 and is defined below in Table B-3. This value field of the LVO contains the set of parameters and values, in <keyword/parameter>=<value> format, of attributes that are pertinent to the file data. Each line is terminated with a carriage return (ASCII decimal code 13, written as <CR> or Ctrl-M), and a line feed (ASCII decimal code 10, written as <LF> or Ctrl-J). The values must conform to the standard ASCII character set (32 through 127 decimal). In addition, the values should be in upper case, except for the NOTE field.

**Table B-3. Catalog Information (Value Field of the K-Object)** 

Ref #	Keyword-Value Pairs. Description and Units.	Range for Value
1	PDS_VERSION_ID = <value><cr><lf> Represents the version number of the standards document that is valid when the label is created.</lf></cr></value>	'PDS3'
2	RECORD_TYPE = <value><cr><lf> The record format of this file.</lf></cr></value>	'UNDEFINE D'
3	MISSION_NAME = <value><cr><lf> The name of the mission or project that is associated with the data contained in the I-object. Must be upper case.</lf></cr></value>	Varies
4	SPACECRAFT_NAME = <value><cr><lf> The full, unabbreviated name of the spacecraft that is associated with the data contained in the I-object. Must be upper case.</lf></cr></value>	Varies
5	SPACECRAFT_ID = <value><cr><lf> The decimal representation of the applicable DSN spacecraft number as defined in Reference [3a].</lf></cr></value>	'0' thru '255'
6	MISSION_ID = <value><cr><lf> The decimal representation of the applicable DSN mission number per Reference [3a].</lf></cr></value>	'0' thru '255'
7	DATA_SET_ID = <value><cr><lf> The unique identifier for this data type.</lf></cr></value>	'TRK234 '

Ref #	Keyword-Value Pairs. Description and Units.	Range for Value
8	FILE_NAME = <value><cr><lf> The unique file name, without a directory path specified, for this SFDU file. The file name shall be of the form:  yydddhhmmSCsssssDSSnnnnn.234, where,  yy is the two-digit year  ddd is the three-digit day-of-year (001 thru 366)  hh is the two-digit hour into the day (00 thru 23)  mm is minutes into the hour (00 thru 59)  SC is fixed, and denotes that the spacecraft ID is to follow:</lf></cr></value>	Varies
	<ul> <li>sssss is the spacecraft ID (per Reference [3a], with leading zeros omitted)</li> <li>DSS is fixed, and denotes that the DSS ID is to follow:</li> <li>nnnn is the DSS ID (per Reference [8], with leading zeros omitted)</li> <li>. 234 is a fixed suffix, and identifies the file as being a TRK-2-34 file.</li> <li>The time reflects the time of the latest tracking sample (or "cutoff" time) contained in the file.</li> </ul>	
9	PRODUCER_ID = <value><cr><lf> A short name or acronym for the producer or producing team/group (e.g., TDDS) of this file. An ASCII character string, limited to 20 characters (must be upper case).</lf></cr></value>	Varies
10	PRODUCT_CREATION_TIME = <value><cr><lf> This attribute indicates the UTC time at which this file was created. The value is specified in the following time format:</lf></cr></value>	any valid UTC
	mm minutes of the hour (00 thru 59) ss seconds of the minute (00 thru 60), allows for leap second	
11	START_TIME = <value><cr><lf> This attribute identifies the earliest time tag (in UTC) reported across all SFDU secondary CHDOs included in the data object. The value is specified in the following time format:  yyyy-dddThh:mm:ss</lf></cr></value>	any valid UTC
	where, yyyy four-digit year ddd day-of-year (001 thru 366) T ASCII literal field (i.e., "T") hh hours of the day (00 thru 23) mm minutes of the hour (00 thru 59) ss seconds of the minute (00 thru 60), allows for leap second	

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Ref #	Keyword-Value Pairs. Description and Units.	Range for Value	
12	STOP TIME = <value><cr><lf></lf></cr></value>	any valid	
	This attribute identifies the latest time tag (in UTC) reported across all	UTC	
	SFDU secondary CHDOs included in the data object. The value is		
	specified in the following time format:		
	yyyy-dddThh:mm:ss		
	where,		
	yyyy four-digit year		
	ddd day-of-year (001 thru 366)		
	T ASCII literal field (i.e., "T")		
	<b>hh</b> hours of the day (00 thru 23)		
	<b>mm</b> minutes of the hour (00 thru 59)		
	ss seconds of the minute (00 thru 60), allows for leap second		
13	INTERCHANGE_FORMAT = <value><cr><lf></lf></cr></value>	'BINARY"	
	Identifies the way the data object is stored.		
14	NOTE = " <value>"<cr><lf></lf></cr></value>	Varies	
	Description of changes made to the data in this TRK-2-34 file as a result		
	of manual editing (may be upper or lower case).		

## B. 2.2.3 K-Object End Marker

After the catalog information, starting at byte 40+M (M being the length of the catalog field), is the marker field. The marker field delimits the end of the catalog LVO. The 20 byte field is the following ASCII string:

"CCSD\$\$MARKER\$T-2-34\$".

## B.2.3 I-Object SFDU Label

Bytes 60+M to 79+M are the label field for the I-Object SFDU. The 20 bytes are defined below in Table B-4.

Table B-4. I-Object SFDU Label

Byte	Data Item. Description and Units.	Format	Range
0 to 3	Control authority identifier (CAID). This CAID field indicates that the data description information (referred to at bytes 8 to 11) for this SFDU is maintained and disseminated by the NASA/JPL control authority.	Restricted ASCII-4	'NJPL'

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Byte	Data Item. Description and Units.	Format	Range
4	SFDU version identifier. This version field indicates how this I-object SFDU label is delimited. The value of '3' indicates that this LVO can be delimited by marker, EOF (end of file), or length. In this case, the actual delimiter is by EOF, as indicated by byte 6.	Restricted ASCII-1	'3'
5	SFDU class identifier. This class identifier field gives a high-level classification of the content of the value field of this LVO (i.e., the I-object LVO). The value of 'I' indicates that the value (V) field of this LVO contains an I-object (or information object.)	Restricted ASCII-1	·I'
6	Delimiter identifier. This delimitation identifier indicates the type of delimiter this I-object SFDU label uses for its last eight bytes. A value of 'F' indicates that this label ends with the value specified in bytes 12 to 19, which implies that the I-object ends with an EOF marker.	Restricted ASCII-1	'F'
7	Reserved. This byte is a spare field.	Restricted ASCII-1	'0'
8 to 11	Data description package identifier. This field uniquely identifies (for the specified Control Authority, i.e., NJPL, per bytes 0 to 3) the data object [or value (V) field of this LVO].	Restricted ASCII-4	'T234'
12 to 19	Length attribute of the SFDU. The end of this LVO is designated by marker — in this case, an EOF marker. The EOF marker is specified in this I-object SFDU label as '00000001.' Note that the EOF marker terminating the I-object serves a dual purpose in that it also terminates the entire file, per bytes 12 to 19 of the primary SFDU label.	Standard ASCII-8	'0000000 1'

## **B.2.4** Binary Data Object

Starting at byte 80+M (M being the length of the catalog field) is the binary data object. The binary data object of the file contains a series of CHDO SFDUs in time-sorted order. That is, given a file containing different data types, all the data types are interleaved based on time. The CHDOs are defined in Section 3. The total length of the binary data object is L bytes.

## B.2.5 End of File (EOF)

Starting at byte 80+M+L (M being the length of the catalog field and L being the length of the binary data object) is the end of the file (EOF) marker. This 8 byte marker is defined in the Primary Label field, bytes 12 to 19. The value of the EOF marker is '00000001'.